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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JULY 16, 1891.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

LAST week's weather all over this section of country was remarkable.

EX-Senator INGALLS describes himself in his recent lecture as a "statesman out of a job." That is the difference between him and the rest of the fraternity: most of the statesmen of the present day are in some "job" or other.

WILMINGTON has within the past few days lost one of its most useful, upright and deservedly esteemed citizens in the death of GEORGE CHADBOURN, a Northern-born man but a resident of the city for nearly forty-five years, prominently identified with all its most vital business concerns, for a long time president of the First National Bank, and an elder in the Presbyterian Church.

"FROM every direction comes the good news that the Republicans are presenting a solid and unbroken front to the enemy." This, from the Winston *Republican*, relieves us of a good deal of anxiety. From the condition in which they have left the national treasury we had begun to fear that the Republicans would have nothing to present to us in 1892. "Small favors thankfully received."

WHAT a wonderful country—large enough to bring together and support all kinds of people, raise all kinds of products, and furnish all kinds of weather! The thermometer stood at 106° at San Antonia, Tex., last Thursday, 9th inst.—the heat being so intense as to partially suspend business—while at this place one going out after an early breakfast found a light overcoat very comfortable.

HERE is an opinion expressed by the Charleston *News and Courier:* "The railroad situation is certainly a most interesting one, particularly at this time. Those roads which are not already under the control of some of the many gigantic syndicates are practically on the market." It is possible that our contemporary's "lines have been cast in unpleasant places," giving it an undue acquaintance with badly-managed railroads. We think we could mention *one* road free of "gigantic syndicates," and yet not "on the market."

COL. MCCLURE, of the Philadelphia *Times*, and JOHN NICHOLAY, one of the biographers of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and his private secretary during the war, are wrangling over the "truth of history." The former declares that LINCOLN opposed the renomination of HAMLIN to the Vice-Presidency in 1864, preferring JOHNSON from considerations of policy, while NICHOLAY professes to have known the private views of the President on the subject, which were strongly in favor of continuing HAMLIN on the ticket for a second term. It is to be hoped that the "rail-splitter" was ignorant of the true character of the man whom the accident of BOOTH'S revolver placed in the Presidential chair, for his term of office had but one good feature:—it was short.

MR. RAMSEY, of the Salisbury *Watchman*, is to assume control of the *Progressive Farmer*. Knowing nothing of his qualifications, we can form no judgment of the wisdom of this last selection of a journalist by Col. POLK; but the Charlotte *Chronicle* very trenchantly says: "He is but little short of an anarchist, and if he can create a Third Party or raise the devil he will do it. We regard it as very unfortunate for the Farmers' Alliance." The editor of the *Rural Home*, a vigorous Alliance paper, is rejoiced at the appointment, and looks for the accomplishment of much from Mr. RAMSEY'S management. The editorship of the *Progressive Farmer* is not an untried field to him, for, if we mistake not, he was the predecessor of Rev. BAYLUS CADE. When Col. POLK suits the readers of his paper in the man he puts at the helm he suits us.

IN New York city, on Wednesday of last week, a very remarkable fire took place, calling into service a very large part of the whole fire department, and attracting thousands of persons to the scene. The forage stored on the fourth floor of the stables of the Sixth Avenue Street Car Company, corner of 43rd street, was found to be in a blaze, and the probable fearful extent of the conflagration was at once realized. There were 1,120 horses in the building—most of them on the 2nd floor—and so admirable were the methods and skill employed in their removal that in 30 minutes they were all gotten safely into the street, excepting three, one of which broke his leg and was shot, and two others, refusing to move and commencing to create confusion, were also shot down in their tracks. The New York papers congratulate the fire chief BONNER and his force on the admirable work done.

THE Raleigh *News and Observer* says: "In his speech at Goldsboro the other day Col. POLK sought to array the Alliance against the *News and Observer*, telling them that, while professing to be friendly to the Alliance, we in an underhand way were making war on it by attacking him and other leaders of the order, thus seeking to bring the Alliance into disrepute." Well, we have been pretty continuously connected with the North Carolina press ever since the close of the war, and we know of no paper published in the State in all that time whose fealty to the principles of Democracy has been more conspicuous than that of the *News and Observer;* whose devotion to the South has been more unselfish; and whose labors in the development of the material resources of our people have been abler and more productive of good—and, as an overwhelming majority of the North Carolina Alliance members are Democrats, Southern men and men vitally interested in material development, it is difficult to see how Col. POLK makes out a case against the *News and Observer*.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Dr. Randolph R. Stevenson, who was the surgeon in charge of the Confederate prison at Andersonville, Ga., during the civil war, died at Halifax, N. S. ——During the month of June there were coined by United States mints 104,806 gold pieces, of the value of $1,817,932; 53,312,440 silver pieces, valued at $3,087,203, and minor coin valued at $64,839. ——Quite a distressing occurrence has taken place at Raleigh. Some week or so since it was given out that Mr. Clarence Busbee, a son of the late Quentin Busbee and a former Raleigh boy, had been guilty of embezzlement in Buena Vista, Va., where he had been lately residing. Young Busbee arrived at Raleigh a day or so ago, and has been stopping with his widowed mother. He was arrested by the Chief of Police on a dispatch from Buena Vista. There is much sympathy for the family, which stands deservedly high in the community. ——The date of the national convention of bankers at New Orleans has been changed from October 14 and 15 to November 11 and 12. ——Gov. Horace Boies, of Iowa, has issued an appeal to the people of Iowa for aid for about one hundred families which require help by reason of the recent floods. ——While a party of soldiers were practicing the construction of a pontoon bridge across the Aar river, near Solure, Switzerland, the structure upon which they were at work capsized and eighteen of the party were drowned. ——The weather has improved in British India, but unless rain falls soon the crops will extensively fail. ——Dr. Silva Jardin, a Brazilian traveler, was overcome by the fumes from Mt. Vesuvius, and fell 170 feet into the crater. ——The Roman Catholic population over fifteen years of age in the United States number 6,250,000, according to the census reports. ——The Central Statistical Society of St. Petersburg announces that in December last the inhabitants of the empire numbered 110,000,000, an annual increase of 1,500,000. ——The Standard Oil Company of the United States, having purchased the interests of leading German producers, is now seeking to buy or combine with the men who control the production of Russian coal oil, and, if successful, will control the world's supply of oil. ——The triple alliance has been prolonged for six years. ——Sir William Gordon Cumming's name has been stricken off the list of deputy-lieutenants of Elgin county, Scotland. ——The Catholic Bishops in the United States are opposed to the scheme to nationalize immigrants in their country. ——According to the London *Truth*, Queen Victoria will see to it that the young Emperor will bridle his tongue in his speech at Guildhall. ——Dr. McDonald, one of the official physicians who witnessed the electrocution of the four men at Sing Sing, has returned to Albany, where he was interviewed by the Associated Press reporter. He delined to give the result of the autopsy, but said the execution was a success, viewed from a scientific standpoint. He thinks death was instantaneous. ——A fire in the Sixth Avenue car stables, New York city, caused $60,000 damage. ——The party sent out by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company to investigate the cause of the formation of Salton Lake have returned. They find that the Colorado river has broken into the desert, and is making the lake. ——The Board of Visitors of the Naval Academy recommend that the age of admission be changed from fifteen to twenty years to fifteen to eighteen years. Some other changes are also recommended. ——The executive board of the Knights of Labor has decided on Toledo, Ohio, as the meeting place of the next General Assembly, and November 10th as the time. General Secretary Hayes says the membership of the order is increasing. ——In the Carlow District, Ireland, Hammond, the McCarthyite candidate for Parliament, defeated Kettle, the Parnell candidate two to one. The district was Parnell's stronghold, and he said previous to the election that if defeated he would admit that he had nothing to fall back on in political life. ——The attempt to bring about the voluntary disarmament of the miners in the mines of the Seattle Coal and Iron Company failed, and there is still danger of bloodshed. ——The State Alliance of South Carolina is to take into consideration a plan to stop the overproduction of cotton. It is proposed to plough up one-fourth of the growing crop, and agree not to plant more than ten acres to the horse next year. ——Healy won his suit at Dublin against the *Freeman's Journal* for accusing him of selling his clients for English gold. —— The flow of lava from Mt. Vesuvius continues to increase, and has reached the rear of the observatory. ——The German Emperor has issued orders for the fortification of the island of Heliegoland. ——A New York *World* reporter discovered that the body of Smiler, one of the murderers executed by electricity at Sing Sing, was horribly burned. ——An insurgent victory is reported from Chili. ——The Chilian vessel *Itata* will pay $500 for violation of our navigation laws. ——John F. Evans, keeper of the magazine at Richmond during the war, dropped dead at Lexington, Va., on the 8th inst. ——The South is to have direct trade with Europe. A line of steamers is to run from Newport News to Liverpool, Bremen and other European ports. ——Revolution is rife in several provinces of the Argentine Confederation, but the Government is taking vigorous steps to suppress any outbreak. ——In London several German Societies visited the German Emperor and were most cordially received, the members having a friendly chat with the monarch. ——The strike in Belgium, lasting two months and a half, has been brought to a close through the council of the Knights of Labor. ——The Russian government is taking every precaution to prevent a general famine. It is believed that the grain stored for military purposes will be sufficient to save the country. ——At San Antonia, Texas, on the 9th inst., the temperature was 106, the highest in four years It was so hot that business was partially suspended. ——Count Ploter, a Polish nobleman and wealthy land owner, was murdered and robbed while traveling on a train between Warsaw and St. Petersburg, Russia.

A Petrified Girl.

San Francisco Chronicle.]

Mary Ann Grier disappeared from her father's home, two miles south of Wanatah, Ind., nearly forty years ago. A few days ago her body was recovered in an abandoned bog-iron ore pit, without one vestige of change from the appearance it had known in life. The last shred of clothing was long ago destroyed, but the same chemicals which removed the garments preserved the flesh. Not only is the contour as perfect as in life but even the color has remained unchanged. The hands are brown, and one of them still bears stains of the berries with which she was working on the afternoon of her disappearance.

The cheeks are slightly brown, but suffused with a ruddy flush, which old settlers here will remember as one of the girl's chief charms. Were it not for the unsightly cavities that once contained the eyes, the petrified frame, which has lain almost half a century in the soil, would appear as the peacefully sleeping figure of a healthy, handsome young woman.

When the body was found it was at first believed to be that of some woman recently murdered, but one of the discoverers struck the body with a knife, and proved that it was stone. The father of the dead girl was the first to recognize her. He had always believed that she had run away from home with a young man named Whitesel, with whom she was in love, in face of the objections of her parents.

Old man Grier, now almost 80 years old, was brought to the place where his long-lost daughter lay. He looked upon the face of the girl, whose beauty was perfectly preserved, except that in place of her eyes were unsightly holes. Then he laid both hands upon the body, and broke down utterly, crying: "My Mary, I thought you were gone away; I thought you were bad." And it was more than an hour before he could be persuaded to leave her and return to his home.

This whole country is full of a kind of iron called bog-ore. In early days it was extensively mined by farmers. It is probable that the girl went to meet her lover. She must have fallen into one of the pits from which the ore had been taken, drawing down upon her as she fell an avalanche of loose but heavy soil. There must have been water in the pit, as was almost invariably the case, and this, with the iron, must have produced a solution that tended to preserve and petrify the body.

Eugenie's Home in France.

London Truth.]

The ex-Empress Eugenie will in future live a good deal in the south of France. She has just bought for £7,000 five acres of ground on the most beautiful spot on the French part of the Riviera, namely, Cap St. Martin, the tongue of land which juts out into the Mediterranean between Monaco and Mentone. The price for the situation is not high. The Empress intends to build a villa on her ground.

She was staying in a hotel at Cap St. Martin when the census was being taken. A form was served on her. She filled it up in her own handwriting, which is shaky from rheumatism. The answers to the different printed questions were thus filled in: "Comtesse de Pierrefond (Marie Eugenie); aged sixty-four; born at Grenada, Spain; naturalized French; a widow; had one child—a son; lives on her income; of no profession or business; a sojourner in France; lives usually in England; is traveling with two friends and four servants."

The dark sky of England disagrees with the Empress. It being her intention to adopt Prince Napoleon's family, she is glad not to be far from Turin. Her relations with the Duchesse de Mouchy, who often went to her as a person needing money, are not what they used to be. The Empress is a martyr to rheumatism, and is so helpless from it as almost to give the impression that she suffers from a paralytic tendency. She does not care to stay in Paris. It has all grown strange and bewildering to her, and there is still enough of what she recollects to arouse harrowing memories.

Her Royal Sweetness.

Ladies' Home Journal.]

To be called Her Royal Highness is the destiny of every woman born to wear a crown; but it remains for one woman among all the royal families to have the endearing title of Her Royal Sweetness given to her, and that honor belongs to Alexandra, Princess of Wales. She has that marvelous art of making goodness seem attractive; of making the right act the pleasant one, and of impressing upon all who know her the knowledge that to do good is to have a pleasant time, and not to do it is to miss some of the pleasures of life.

Many princesses have been written about as having been beautiful, as having caused great wars, as having done great deeds of valor, of having made men die for them and kingdoms quarrel over them; but of none of them can it be said, as it is of this gracious lady, that the whole world bows down before her sweetness and goodness, that peace has been the watch-word of her life—and not only does she value peace, but those loving sisters, Faith, Hope and Charity, abide with her.

Georgia Folk-lore.

Atlanta Constitution.]

Here is a contribution in the shape of folk-lore gossip as heard among the Georgia "crackers." It is a survival of the old English superstitions:

When it is ebb-tide the slits in a cat's eyes are horizontal; when it is flood-tide they are vertical. Kill a frog, and it will rain hard for three days. If a cock walks in at the door, turns around and crows, he announces a death in the family. Potatoes will not thrive unless they are planted in the dark of the moon, and a child born at the full of the moon will be a boy. If you open an umbrella in a house the only person present will die, and the same thing will happen if you hang a coat or hat on a door-knob or a door-bell. It is not wise to set a hen during a certain part of August, because the life of the world is at its lowest then. If you drop a pair of scissors, and one point sticks in the floor, a visitor will come from the direction toward which the other leg is extended. A child that has never seen its father can cure whooping-cough by blowing down the patient's throat.

☞ The lobster is greatly in dread of thunder.

Boarding-House Base-Ball.

Chicago Tribune.]

The trouble all arose over one breakfast. It may be that they knew he hated baseball, or it may be that their talk resulted from the fact that every man, woman and child in the boarding-house, with the exception of the lank pessimist, had been to the game the day before.

At any rate, when the landlady took the coffee-pot in one hand and the cream-pitcher in the other, and began pouring from both at the same time, he was moved to ask, without a suspicion of danger, what she was doing.

"Making a double play unassisted," was her prompt response.

He looked pained, but said nothing.

A moment later, when a cod-fish ball was gallantly declined by the dude, who insisted on passing it to his fair neighbor, the dry-goods clerk on the other side of the table, cried out:

"Passed ball!"

The pessimist fingered his knife nervously as he glared at the clerk, and had hardly recovered his composure when the waitress kicked the cat through the doorway, and the pretty typewriter lisped:

"Put out!"

And the young lawyer added:

"Safe hit!"

He hardly had time to shift his reproachful glance from the pretty typewriter to the young lawyer when the old maid began telling what a brute the man next door was, and the real estate agent sang out:

"Score one!"

For sympathy he turned to the landlady's pretty daughter, who sat next to him, and who had thus far said nothing. But as he declined the last muffin on the plate and she took it she looked him straight in the eye, and with her most captivating smile said:

"A sacrifice!"

Then he got up and stalked out, and there is a room to rent in that boarding-house.

Chinese Truck Farms.

Rev. F. D. Kelsey, of Montana, has written an interesting article in reference to Chinese truck farms in that State. He says there are some fifty farms carried on by this class of people in and around Helena, the farms varying in extent from one-fifth of an acre up to twenty or thirty acres. In fact, these Chinamen have monopolized the small gardening business in and around that city. Their field work is some what peculiar, and adapted to a land where rain seldom falls. Evcrything must be so arranged that it can be irrigated.

Where less than half an acre is under cultivation the Chinese use hand-sprinklers. Frequently they rent a few acres from a man who has an unquestioned water right, survey the land carefully, and bring the water in a ditch to the highest point of the patch. From these they conduct the water in smaller ditches anywhere they wish, the patch being platted out as regularly as city squares and streets.

Each plat is wide enough to be reached half-way across by the gardener on one side and by his hired man on the other. The water is run into these ditches and little side branches, and from them to the vegetable beds to soak in until the whole is thoroughly wet, when the water is turned off to another bed, and so on until the whole field is well watered. This requires the time and labor of two Chinamen on a large place.

The rents paid by Chinamen are enormous. They take from three to ten years lease, and pay $25 per acre, in lots of ten acres or more.

A Curious Sect in Asiatic Turkey.

Levant Herald.]

The official paper of Bassorah gives some particulars on the subject of the tribe of Saibi established in that province of Asiatic Turkey. "The Saibis," it says, "are monotheists; their faith is that of Yahya (St. John), and they believe in all the prophets, who, according to them, have come into this world each for his own chosen people. The Saibis make their devotions at morn and even, kneeling on the ground. On Sundays and at Bairam the number of prescribed prayers is eight; these the devotees make turning their faces to the north. Their books are written in the Syrian dialect.

They fast only during the first ten days of Ramazan, from the appearance of the moon to the setting of the sun. In the way of meat they eat only mutton, which must be previously washed in the river. The flesh of all other animals, including birds, is not touched by them. They also always avoid eating any food prepared by persons not belonging to their sect. When, by any fortuitous circumstance, they consider themselves soiled they wash themselves in the river.

The Saibis declare that after death the soul lives, and will be rewarded and punished according to its deserts. Sunday is a day of rest among them. A Saibi can, if he so wishes, marry four women, but not more, and divorce is also a recognized institution among them. Cousins may marry each other. On Sundays, at Bairam, and on returning from a journey, it is obligatory upon the Saibis to take a plunge into the river, after saying the prescribed prayers."

The Cotton Seed Industry.

Manufacturers' Record.]

It has not been many years ago when cotton seed was considered as an encumbrance by farmers and planters, who dumped them on any waste piece of ground convenient. That which was a waste product a few years ago now furnishes employment for $20,000,000 capital forms a basis for nearly 200 mills, over forty fertilizer factories, and also supplies excellent food for fattening live stock. Even as late as 1880 there were only forty oil mills in existence, most of them small and poorly-equipped, the aggregate capital invested being $3,500,000. Now there are 194 mills, and over $20,000,000 has been invested in the business. The increase in the mills has been greater in the size and quality than in the number. Many of the oil mills that were badly constructed and fitted with antiquated machinery have been abandoned, and the business concentrated in the newer and more thoroughly equipped mills. The Cotton Oil Trust has pursued this policy, and has ceased to operate a number of mills that it purchased. In the crop year 1889-'90 about 1,000,000 tons of seed were crushed, yielding about 37,000,000 gallons of oil, but for the year 1890-'91 it is estimated that only 800,000 tons will be crushed.

The People of Honduras.

Frank Leslie's Magazine.]

The Honduranian, collectively, is hospitable, peaceful and exquisitely courteous; but he is also improvident, lazy and densely ignorant. He buys only the luxuries of life—the necessities grow at his door. He lives on tortillas and beans, coffee and bananas. These constitute his daily food, and they cost him practically nothing. He pays no house rent, for if he has not a hut of his own he can take part of his neighbor's. Being a hot country, coal and wood are not essential, and clothing is a freak of fashion, not a requisite. His garments, when he has them, consist of a white cotton shirt and trousers, sometimes a hat, shoes never. Even the army of Honduras is bare-footed. Labor, what there is of it, earns about forty cents a day in a debased currency, a United States dollar being equal to 12 reals, or $1.50 Honduranian money.

The occupation of the women seems to be principally the making of tortillas, the bread of the tropics. During a month's mule-back journey through the land, it seemed to me that all womenkind were toiling under the sugar-cane roofs, grinding the corn between stones, and shaping the tortillas into their pancake form before placing them on heated stones to bake. The corn for this staff of life is planted twice a year. The ground is broken by a wooden stick answering for a plow, the grain dropped in and left to nature and the rich soil. Agricultural implements of any kind are unknown. The corn is ground just as the Egyptians ground it three thousand years ago. In fact, the traveler of to-day finds Honduras just as the traveler of four hundred years ago, before the conquest of Cortez, must have found it. If anything, there has been a gradual retrogression, for all the enterprise of the country is now in the hands of the English-speaking people.

Into the Lion's Mouth.

London Tid Bits.]

Romieu, the famous Parisian wit, was one day caught in a shower and forced to seek refuge in a doorway of the Opera House. It was six o'clock already, and he had an engagement at the Cafe de Paris for that very hour. The rain fell in torrents. There was no carriage to be had. He had no umbrella. What was to be done? While he was lamenting his bad luck a gentleman with a large umbrella passed by. Romieu was seized with a sudden inspiration. He reached out and grasped the stranger by the arm, and gravely installed himself under the protecting umbrella.

"I am overjoyed to see you," he immediately began. "I have been looking for you for two weeks. I wanted to tell you about Clementine."

Without giving the stranger time to express his surprise, Romieu rattled away with gossip and anecdote until he had led his unknown companion to the door of the Cafe de Paris. Then he glanced at him with a face of well-feigned astonishment.

"Pardon, monsieur," he cried. "It seems I am mistaken."

"I believe so," said the stranger.

"Good gracious!" added Romieu. "Be discreet; don't repeat what I have told you."

"I promise you."

"A thousand pardons!"

Romieu hastened within the cafe, and, amid great laughter, told the adventure to his friends. Suddenly one of them said:

"Your cravat is rumpled."

Romieu put his hand to his neck, and turned pale. His pin—a valuable sapphire—was gone. On further examination, his purse and watch were found to be gone. The man with the umbrella was a pickpocket.

Fight with a Rattler.

Chicago News.]

Thomas Jenkins, a hard-working negro, who is fond of hunting, and who owns a small farm near Opelika, Ala., had a terrible adventure with a large rattlesnake, which he succeeded in killing only after it had bitten him twice.

Jenkins was at work removing the *debris* of an old out-building, when the snake sounded its rattle almost under his feet. He sprang back just in time to escape the dart of the reptile, and struck at it with a small hand-axe he carried, but was so unfortunate as to miss it entirely, when the snake, with incredible rapidity, coiled itself about his leg.

He endeavored to throw it off, when it buried its fangs in the fleshy part of the limb. Before it could withdraw them he seized it back of the head and choked it, as he thought, to death, for its folds relaxed and he was able to fling it from him; but upon reaching the ground the reptile revived and returned to the attack. Jenkins again endeavored to kill it by a stroke of his axe, but only succeeded in severing the extreme tip of the tail, and the next instant the writhing creature had struck him on the ankle, when he brought the blade down upon it, cutting it entirely in two.

Calling his wife to assist him, Jenkins managed to reach a physician living near him, and whose immediate attention to his two wounds probably saved his life. The snake was an old one of unusual size, and carried the extraordinary number of thirty-seven rattles. The reptiles are unusually numerous in the vicinity this year, the one killed by Jenkins being the hundredth killed this week.

The Vault is Still There.

Detroit Free Press.]

"When they left the treasury vault," began Mrs. Fitzgoober, who had lately acquired the habit of reading the papers to her lord and master, "they—"

"Hold on!" shouted Fitz, "did I understand you to say they left the vault?"

"Yes," answered his wife.

"Thank goodness for that," sighed Fitz, in a relieved tone, as he sank back in his chair, "the Republicans will leave something for us to start on in '92."

A Floating Rock.

A floating rock is one of the wonders of Corea. It stands, or seems to stand, in front of the palace erected in its honor. It is an irregular cube of great bulk. It appears to be resting on the ground, free from support on all sides, but, strange to say, two men on opposite ends of a rope may pass it under the stone without encountering any obstacles.

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BUILDERS' MATERIAL,
HOUSE TRIMMINGS,
WEATHERBOARDING,
CEILING, FLOORING,
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STAIR RAILS, NEWEL POSTS,
EASES AND WREATHS,
TURNED AND SAWED BALUSTERS.
Scroll Sawing and Turning a Specialty.
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Aug. 14, 1890.

CAR-LOAD OF OLD HICKORY

JUST ARRIVED!
"FIRMNESS, COURAGE AND HONESTY"
WERE PROMINENT TRAITS IN THE CHARACTER OF
General Jackson.
"STRENGTH, DURABILITY
—AND—
HONEST CONSTRUCTION"
ARE DISTINCTIVE FEATURES OF THE
OLD HICKORY WAGONS.
☞ ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR-HORSE WAGONS. ALSO TUBULAR AXLE WAGONS. THE BEST WAGONS ON WHEELS. WILL BE SOLD LOW.
A. E. RANKIN & Co.
July 2—tf. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

R. M. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale :-: Grocer
—AND—
Buyer of Cotton AND Naval Stores.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JULY 16, 1891.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper in the State; is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Bladen, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

WORTH STUDYING OVER.

The following is an extract from the letter of a business man at New Berne to the editor of the Rocky Mount *Argonaut*:

Our truck farmers around here have almost made fortunes this year. One cleared $10,000 profit on 50 acres of land. Do you remember the Hackburn & Willett farm near this city? They paid $8,000 for it about four years ago. Their profits this year (net profits), they say, will not be less than $30,000, and they think they will run up to $40,000. The money made here is perfectly wonderful. We can yet hardly realize it.

The editor of the *State Chronicle* recently made a visit to New Berne, whence he wrote two or three very interesting letters with regard to the fruit- and truck-farms of that section, from one of which we take the following extracts:

Messrs. Hackburn & Willets are the owners of two splendid farms: one containing 100 acres, near the city; the other, called "The Oaks," containing 2,000 acres, two miles away. Six years ago the first-mentioned farm was purchased by them for $6,000, paying $1,200 cash down; four years ago they bought "The Oaks" for $8,000, paying $2,000 cash.

Now what changes have occurred! They assured me that $100,000 at good interest would not yield as great an income as do these farms, and that $100,000 would not buy what they now own. Grown rich in four years! Sounds like a dream, doesn't it? Yet what they have done can be done by others. Here are their receipts for this season:

10,000	bbls. cabbage,	netting	$12,500
9,000	" potatoes,	"	36,000
10	acres asparagus,	"	2,000
20	" beans,	"	1,500
20	" cucumbers,	"	2,000
10	" tomatoes,	"	1,000
Total,			$55,000

The crop of canteloupes has not been considered, the fruit having not yet been gathered, but the field in which it is growing is most beautiful. Then, too, a tobacco crop of 8 acres is coming on, from which they reasonably hope to realize $100 per acre. Still this is not all. They have 66 head of blooded horses, mules and colts, 180 head of fine cattle, and 125 head of hogs—improved breed.

In connection with this stock-farm is a dairy, which nets $300 per month. They milk 36 cows twice a day. Every cow is driven to its stall at night, where a revolving brake confines it. Stalls for these cows, 36 in number, are elevated from the ground several feet, and are kept very clean.

Now, we are well aware that liberal allowance must be made (without at all impugning the natural truthfulness of the reporter) for the enthusiasm engendered by the sight of beautiful growing crops, and communicated from the sanguine spirit of him who has so much at stake in these fair fruits of painstaking labor. Experience has proven that fortunes figured out on paper are always more or less *couleur de rose*, and not infrequently turn out veritable "castles in Spain." Then, too, while we rejoice at the exultation and triumph ringing all through the news from the eastern trucking districts, we do not forget that the spring and early summer of 1891 have been exceptionally favorable for market-gardening, and that more than once in the past ten years we have received intelligence of dire misfortune and disaster in this same New Berne section.

But, with all this, there is material for serious thought in the above-quoted paragraphs—primarily, because the urgent necessity now confronts the Southern farmer of discovering some method of rendering the tillage of the soil more remunerative than it now is. Even under the present system we do not suppose that absolute starvation will overtake the man who industriously "speeds the plow;" but, while he "eats bread in the sweat of his face," it is an injustice to suppose that he cherishes no aspiration for something better: for the competence which will admit of a good education for his children, and the moderate means which will provide a comfortable and pleasant home for his family—and certainly, for the gratification of even these moderate desires, the raising of corn and cotton offers a very poor margin, for the one finds no market, while the market for the other seems to lead the planter headlong to bankruptcy. It may be assumed almost as a certainty that, from the very care and skill now devoted to the crop, the immense acreage given over to it, and the fierce competition in the sale of the manufactured fabric, the day has passed for "fancy" or even moderately high prices in cotton, and that it holds its still commanding position solely from the fact that it stands for *cash* wherever found.

Of course, a general turning of all the land into pea and potato patches, and tomato and cabbage beds, would precipitate agricultural ruin by a neglect of the staple field crops, which are absolutely essential, even though they don't enrich the grower; but of this there is no danger. In the first place, by no means every farmer possesses land adapted to truck gardening; secondly, many of them are shrewd enough to see that any considerable diversion of time, labor and energy into this new channel would relieve the pressure from the great staple crops, and increase their chances of yielding a profit to those who remained faithful to their cultivation. The overproduction of fruits and vegetables, with a consequent glut of the markets, is at all times possible, but it is not probable in this day of constant railway construction and extension, the rapid building up of towns and cities, the opening of watering-places and pleasure-resorts, and the general massing of the various branches of human industry at great centres.

So far as our own section of the State is concerned, we have advantages for truck-farming second only to those of the tide-water country. We cannot quite compete with New Berne in time, but we can go into market with everything that that territory has produced, just as its season has begun to wane. In the extent and variety of productions this and adjacent counties are in no degree inferior to the country lying along and contiguous to the coast, while in the growth of fruits, except figs and some varieties of grapes, they offer a soil even superior. It has been but a few days since we passed over tracts of well-wooded and well-watered land in Seventy-First township, of heavy gray loam with clay subsoil—here gently rolling as if providence had set it apart for viticulture, and here lying beautifully level as if nature had platted it for market gardening—and all this can be bought at reasonable prices. It is readily cleared and easily worked, and will bear the extremes of drought or moisture as well as any soil in the world.

ABOUT THE SEVENTH PARTY.

The idea that the new People's Party, born in Cincinnati last February, is the *third* party, is an entirely erroneous one; for, if our memory serves us rightly, even "since the war" we remember the birth of no less than seven new political parties, in addition to the Republican party, to-wit: The Liberal, Greenback, Prohibition, Union Labor, United Labor, American, and now the People's Party. And yet we frequently hear people refer to the People's Party as the "Third Party." But those who are familiar with the tactics and principles of this catalogue of new parties will not be slow to recognize the "same old coon with another ring on his tail." Verily, the day and time have about come and gone when you can longer fool the people.

For all who are seeking relief from the burdens under which our people are toiling to-day, and the amelioration of the hardships to which we are subjugated by the oppression of Republican misrule, the Democratic platform is large enough to stand on; but when the interests of the people and the material welfare of the country are to be subordinated to individual gain and personal aggrandisement, then you must "seek places new and pastures green in another clime," for the Democratic platform is constructed "of the people, by the people and for the people."

New parties, however, will and may be expected to spring into existence, for the country will never be at a loss to find men with their followers who, like "Barkis," is always willing and ready to subserve their own personal ends at the expense of the masses.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

The people of the South will read with profound pleasure the beautiful letter of Mrs. Jefferson Davis, which will be found in full in this issue of the paper, and will receive with unqualified satisfaction her decision as to the final resting-place of her departed husband's remains. Within the shadow of the old capitol dome of the Confederacy should stand the tomb of its President.

The June number of the *Bulletin* of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture at Raleigh puts down only two fairs to be held in this State this year (1891) besides the great(?) Southern Exposition at Raleigh. This sheet, we believe, is published at the cost of the tax-payers of Cumberland as well as Wake, and does great injustice to the Cumberland Fair as well as many other local societies of a like character throughout the State. Better a thousand times have said nothing, unless the *Bulletin* has been converted into an advertising sheet for Jno. T. Patrick and his crowd.

The optimist has to bring all his nerve to bear to hold his own in the face of the troublous doings of the wicked in these days. If the world is growing any better it has a poor way of showing it—not to speak irreverently. Four men suffered the extreme penalty of the law in the State of New York last week, and the papers of the metropolis daily show that the slums of vice and sin in the great city are quick to furnish new "grist for the mill." But the pistol, the knife, poison and the cord are active not only in the haunts of "old Shakspeare" and "Frenchy:" they ply their deadly work in the fashionable flat, the dazzling "gin-palace" and the abodes of affluence. With the probable homicide of "The" Allen, a prominent politician, last Friday night, the authorities of New York have committed three or four murderers to the Tombs in as many weeks.

The execution of the sentence of death, by the application of electricity, upon the four men at Sing Sing the other day has an interest over and above that morbid one which finds its expression in the sensation columns of a newspaper. Outside of a very considerable number of people who content themselves with mildly opposing capital punishment without the energy to organize a crusade against it, and whose mistakenly merciful feelings we must respect if we cannot endorse them, we doubt if there be a "corporal's guard" among the leading public men of the day who could be persuaded to vote for the abolition of the death-penalty.

As the gibbet is here, then, to stay—at least, until the world gets much farther on in moral reformation—it is well that it be divested of all its horror and hideousness while robbed of no terrors as a deterrent of crime. It is true, there is something fearful about this invocation of the most mysterious force in nature to blot out one poor, sin-tossed life—somthing supremely tragic in this grouping together of all the resources of science, and hurling them against that limp, bound, blind-fold, huddled-up figure in the fatal chair. But if the end comes quickly; if the majesty of the law is vindicated in that lightning flash; if that electric thrill brings a painless and instantaneous death, doing away with the past sickening and revolting blunders of the unwieldly trap-door, and the noose that won't slip, and the rope that will break while the strangling, agonized wretch dangles in mid-air:—then the lawmakers of New York have wrought a benefit to civilization.

By the way, where do the word-manufacturers get their warrant for the term "electrocution" for this death under the law by electricity? The whole word "execution" is required to convey the idea of the carrying out of the sentence of death (from *exsequi*, to follow to the end), and it seems to us that "electro" should be simply prefixed to the original word—thus "electro-execution." This last coin now passing current is spurious.

HIS GRAVE TO BE IN RICHMOND.

Mrs. Davis Consents to the Interment of Her Honored Husband's Remains in Richmond, and Gives the Reasons Why.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Mrs. Davis, the widow of the late President Jefferson Davis, who has been sojourning at the New York Hotel in this city for some time past, in a letter forwarded to the citizens of Richmond to-day, states that after much deliberation she has decided to give Virginia the care of her husband's body. The letter is as follows:

To the Veterans and People of the Southern States:

After much anxious thought, I have finally decided to give to Virginia the care of my husband's mortal body, and I feel that my reasons should be made public, as he was in many senses the property of the whole country.

Immediately after the death of ex-President Jefferson Davis, Louisiana expressed her desire to keep his hallowed remains for all time, but she claims only the right to guard him until some permanent place could be selected for his rest.

The military organizations of New Orleans bore him with filial grief to the tomb of the Army of Northern Virginia, where they have guarded him by night and day for eighteen months, and the gratitude of my children and myself is too great for words.

I asked a year for consideration and consultation with my family. Eighteen months have nearly expired, and I feel that the matter should be decided and set at rest now.

Mississippi claimed preference, because Mr. Davis belonged to her by right of the seventy-nine years of residence within her borders and the sixty years of service to the State, during which she conferred upon him unsolicited every office in her gift, save one. As her citizen, comrade-in-arms, Congressional representative, Senator, General-in-Chief and President, she felt hers to be the first claim.

Tennessee urged that in her State, after the war, he found occupation, home and troops of friends, and there his dead had been buried.

Alabama remembered that within her borders he was elected President of the Confederate States; there he was inaugurated; that Montgomery had been the first capital, and that from her lips had issued the first great invitation to break the silence which he had observed since our defeat; that she received him with such enthusiasm as has been manifested to conquerors, but was never before accorded to a disfranchised citizen, powerless to give aid or confer favors.

Georgia claimed him and has constantly renewed the request, because his father had been long a citizen of the State. There the ex-President had received the same royal courtesy which Alabama had extended, and lastly she pleaded her great love for him as a reason for granting the request.

Kentucky expresses her pride in being the State of his birth, and urges her claims.

Virginia asked for his honored remains because the most strenuous efforts of his life had been made upon her soil and in defence of Richmond as the capital of the Confederate States. At short intervals throughout the last eighteen months she has renewed her tender insistence that he should rest among the dead of all the States who fell in defence of the Confederacy. She urged the fact that he did not in the fullness of his name belong exclusively to any part of the country. Every hillside about Richmond would tell of the vigorous resistance which he initiated and directed with tireless vigilance as chief magistrate; that there he received generous and unwavering support in the darkest hour of our unfortunate defeat.

All these claims have touched my heart, and contended together for the mastery. It has been hard to give up the hope of dwelling near my husband's resting-place in Mississippi, where my home and my interests are; but, unfortunately, Beauvoir is on the coast of the Mexican Gulf, and on a peninsula not over a mile wide—and half a mile of shallow water, with submerged stumps of large trees, shows that the sea has been steadily encroaching on the shore for many years.

I feel therefore that as the monument is for all time it would not be wise to place it there, and I submit to the personal sacrifice with the hope that the States of the Confederacy will also relinquish cherished plans for the sake of gratifying the majority of those veterans who have written countless letters to me from each of the fore-mentioned States to urge Richmond as the proper place for the grave of him who loved them all, and labored for their glory with all his might during the heat and burden of the days granted to him here.

Your countrywoman,
VARINA JEFFERSON DAVIS.
New York Hotel, July 11, 1861.

Death of Mr. L. J. Poisson.

Wilmington Star.]

Mr. Louis J. Poisson, real estate agent of this city, died yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, of bilious fever, at Hendersonville, N. C., whither he had gone with his family for the summer. He had been in bad health for some time past.

Mr. Poisson was the eldest son of the late Maj. F. D. Poisson and wife, Lucy Anne Cutlar, and was a capable and active business man. He leaves a wife and three small children, to whom the sympathies of many in the community will go out in their sad bereavement.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Lumber Bridge Items.

For the Observer.]

We are having warm but pleasant weather. Crops are growing finely and looking well.

Farmers are pressing their work, and will soon finish up.

Dr. F. H. McLeod, we regret to report, is quite ill, but somewhat better to-day. He is a young man of fine medical ability and large practice, and his illness is a general calamity. We greatly hope he will soon be up again.

Times are strikingly quiet around here since commencement.

The military drilled here last Saturday, and will attend the encampment in full force.

Messrs. J. H. McEachern, S. J. Cobb and Daniel McGugan, who were engaged on the tax-lists last week, finished the troublesome work on Saturday.

The income tax seems to be a great nuisance, and a great puzzle to honest men who have not the debit and credit sides of their accounts footed up.

Rev. S. J. McLeod has been doing some faithful evangelical work at Hope Mills.

The new schedule on the C. F. & Y. V. R'y which went into effect yesterday may be a success, but it forebodes anything else thus far, especially as to mail matters.

Last Saturday the darkies made the sultry atmosphere dense with fumes of bad whiskey, profanity and hideous yells. There was a continuous fume from Fayetteville to this point and beyond.

The train killed a fine hog for Mr. A. L. Shaw Friday.

Mrs. Bullard, who has been spending some time at her Cumberland home, returned yesterday.

Mr. S. B. Humphrey, of Saddle Tree, a pupil of Wake Forest College, is reading medicine under Dr. McLeod.

Prof. Huffham, President of Mars Female College, visited Rev. Mr. Pitman last week.

Mr. Nathan Jackson, who enlisted to guard convicts, resigned or deserted at the close of three days. He was sufficiently amused.

The Ohio Democrats.

CLEVELAND, July 14.—Campbell will win on the first ballot. The only question now is will the anti-Campbell faction carry their grievances to the polls? There are twenty-five or thirty of the Hamilton county or Cincinnati delegates who vow that they will, and these recalcitrants will have the sympathy if not the company of a dozen or more of the Cuyuhaga county or Cleveland delegates.

There have been many wordy warfares in the hotel lobbies to-day between the Campbell delegates and their demonstrative opponents, and in several instances the disputes went to such an extent that the admirers of the Governor answered the threats of the Hamilton county delegates by defying their opposition, and declaring that Campbell could be both nominated and elected without the help of Cincinnati. While an angry wrangle was in progress this evening in front of the *Plain Dealer* office between Peter Nolan, a Campbell man and an amateur prize-fighter, and William and James Patterson, Neal delegates, all understood to be from Cincinnati, the lie was passed, and in an instant revolvers were drawn. A lively fusilade followed, in which four or five shots were fired with wild results. An innocent bystander received one of the bullets, after which the weapons were used as clubs with more appreciated effect as to the contestants. They all received numerous gashes over the head, and were bleeding profusely when arrested.

This unfortunate incident tended at once to restore a more philosophical feeling all around. The party leaders of all the factions immediately entered a vigorous protest against the factions' wrangling, which have continued throughout the day, and to-night petty disputes are discountenanced by all, and a strong attempt is being made to restore harmony.

The full strength of the Campbell following was not appreciated until the Governor reached the city this afternoon. His arrival at the Hollenden hotel at the head of the Jackson and Thurman clubs of Columbus was the signal for an ovation.

Cheer after cheer was given for "The next Governor of Ohio," and there were loud demands for a speech. The Governor mounted a table in the centre of the rotunda, and said:

"I am glad to see you all, my friends, but I have not much of a speech to make now. I expect, however, to make one to-morrow." [Laughter and cheers.]

Governor Campbell this evening said to an Associated Press reporter:

"I already have assurances from far more than enough delegates to insure my nomination. I think that the result, whatever it may be, will be accepted philosophically by all my worthy competitors, and that the Democracy of the State will present an unbroken front to the enemy this fall. I am confident of my election."

Suicide of Maj. Hampton.

Winston Sentinel.]

Just before going to press yesterday afternoon we were informed of a suicide in Surry county. We gave the particulars obtainable. This morning we were given authentic information relative to the affair. Maj. W. W. Hampton, a prominent and well-to-do citizen, who resided in Wilkes, above Elkin, committed the unfortunate deed. The Major's mind was noticed to be impaired for several weeks, and a few days ago he was taken to his brother's, Columbus Hampton, in Surry county, at whose home the deed was committed on Wednesday morning. The latter was having a well dug in the yard, and the workmen arose shortly after daylight, and while standing out in the yard heard a noise in the well. Upon going there they found, a man's shoes and hat on the platform, and on looking down they witnessed Major Hampton struggling in the water. They drew him up as quickly as possible, but when he reached the platform of the well he was dead.

The deceased was about 60 years old, and was a relative of Gen. Wade Hampton, of South Carolina. He leaves a wife but no children. His estate is valued at $25,000, including the famous "Swan Pond" farm on the Yadkin River.

At Morehead.

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C., July 13.—The season may now be said to be fully under way at this delightful "Summer Capital," and a more delightful season has never been seen here.

Fourteen States are represented by prominent people, including large parties from Memphis, Athens, Macon and Little Rock. The breeze is delightful and gayety is bright.

SYRUP OF FIGS,

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

Southern Alliance.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, July 12.—The State Alliance convention closed late last night after adopting the following resolutions denouncing the sub-treasury and land-loan schemes and the government ownership of railroads:

Resolved, That we denounce the sub-treasury and land-loan schemes and the government ownership of railroads as a violation of the first principles of good government, as paternal in character, centralizing in tendencies, and, if enacted into laws, creating such a horde of national office-holders as would fasten the clutches of the party in power upon the throats of the people so strongly that the voices of honest, patriotic citizens would no longer be heard in the control of government affairs. We demand that those men who are not farmers be removed from the national and State offices of our order, and that none but those who have their interests in farming be allowed to fill such places. We now appeal to all honest members of the Alliance throughout the United States to join with us in putting down this common enemy and disgrace of our order. To this end we most earnestly recommend the brother Alliance-men of the United States to meet in national convention at St. Louis on the 3rd Tuesday of September, 1891.

Resolved, That we most heartily indorse the course of Hon. U. S. Hall, president of the State Alliance of Missouri, in refusing to concur in the action of the case of C. W. Macune at Ocala, in opposing the sub-treasury scheme, etc. We earnestly pledge Mr. Hall our support in his noble and manly effort to rid the order, both State and national, of all shackles which will retard its strength.

The sub-treasuryites—of whom a squad walked out of the convention after the passage of these resolutions—are red-hot. It is believed that the outcome of the convention will be a split of the State Alliance into two factions, one representing the third party, and the other the Democratic wing.

The Roanoke & Southern.

News and Observer.]

Colonel F. H. Fries, says the Baltimore *Sun* of yesterday, President of North Carolina Construction Company, which is building the Roanoke & Southern Railroad, was in Baltimore Wednesday. The Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company are the financial agents of the road, and Col. Fries and Gen. John Gill were arranging some financial matters connected with the construction. Col. Fries says the work on the second division of the road, from Martinsville to Roanoke, sixty miles long, is being rapidly pushed. This division is about four-fifths graded, and the work of laying rails is going on at the rate of one-half mile a day from Roanoke to Rocky Mount, and from Martinsville to Rocky Mount. The rails on this division are sixty-pound steel rails, and the work is being done in a thorough manner. Sixty miles of the Roanoke & Southern are completed and in operation from Winston, N. C., to Martinsville, Va. The entire route to Roanoke will be completed some time in the fall. The road opens up a rich and growing section of country.

Good Sense!

Disease is largely the result of impure blood. To purify the blood is to cure the disease! As a blood-purifier and vitalizer, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stands head and shoulders above any other known specific! Its power in this direction is nothing short of wonderful. Guaranteed to benefit or cure in every case or money refunded.

MARRIED.

BOLTON—GEDDIE—At the residence of Mr. H. H. Bolton, Flea Hill township, Cumberland county, N. C., on the 5th of July, 1891, Mr. ARTHUR M. BOLTON and Miss IDA J. GEDDIE, Rev. E. C. Sell officiating.

DIED.

McLEOD—On Long Street, July 7th, Miss MARY McLEOD, aged 88 years. A fact worthy of note relating to the longevity of our people: Miss McLeod was one of eight in her community, whose ages run from 88 to 92.

IN MEMORIAM.

Fell asleep, on the morning of the 10th of July, at her home in Fayetteville, ALICE CANDACE, beloved and only daughter of Capt. David and Mrs. Sarah Jones, aged 21 years.

The light of the household has gone out; the comfort of her parents is fled; the pride of her brothers is in the dust; and to him who waited at the altar the bride cometh not; the orange blossoms lie withered and dead, and immortelles cover a grave.

Alas! alas! "favor is deceitful and beauty is vain."

She was a faithful christian woman; early in life she gave herself to the Master, and was admitted into the fellowship of Christ's religion in holy baptism and the laying on of hands; and to the end, which came so soon, she was an earnest worker and no idler in the vineyard of her Lord. She did her duty in that state of life unto which it pleased God to call her.

And the fair future spread before her the promise of a long and happy life.

But, "His ways are not as our ways;" there were even better things in store for her than we had thought, for in the vigor of her strength and purity and grace the Saviour came for her, and meekly she folded the hands whose work was so soon done, and bowed her gentle head and followed Him.

There is a desolate home and there are bleeding hearts; there is a broken ring and there are blighted hopes in this world; but there is a radiant maiden in the Paradise of God, waiting her loved one's coming.

"Oh! not in cruelty, not in wrath, the reaper came that day."

AN OCTOGENARIAN GONE.

Mrs. ELIZA BLUE, wife of Mr. N. McK. Blue, died July 2nd, in the 83rd year of her age. She died near the place of her birth, not far from "Piney Bottom," of Revolutionary notoriety, in the home where she presided as wife and mother for three-score years. Mrs. B. was of Scotch extraction, the daughter of the late Col. Daniel Smith; her maternal connections were the McKays of Long Street.

She retained many of the characteristic traits of her sturdy ancestors, who were among the most substantial and influential citizens of that section.

Hers was a full and well rounded life; few have filled their mission better. The mother of ten children, six sons and four daughters, all of whom survive her but one, she saw them all grown up to maturity, settled in life, and all hopefully converted. Her epitaph is written in the lives of her children, whom she trained in the principles of religion, honor and honesty, and to promote the cause of Christ on the earth. What monument more becoming a christian mother! "A woman that feareth the Lord *she* shall be praised." Her children and her grandchildren rise up and call her blessed! They have a rich legacy in her example, and they will not cease to cherish her precious memory. A patient, beautiful christian spirit has left us to enter the heavenly home. Her end was peaceful—triumphant. With an unfaltering trust in Christ and an assured hope of heaven she was enabled to rejoice beyond utterance at the prospect. As the end approached she gathered her family around her, giving them many precious words of comfort and counsel, pronouncing upon each one a parting blessing, and leaving with them her dying testimony of the goodness and mercy of God to her—having nothing more to say or to do, she fell asleep.

Thus passed away an "old disciple," venerated and loved.

Her venerable husband waits behind (it will not be long). Burdened with years and great bodily weakness, he is bereft indeed, but patient withal. Gladly would he welcome the hour of reunion "beyond the river," which shall end his sorrows and complete his joy.

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CAROLINA MACHINE COMPANY,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

January 1, 1891. 1y

Medical College of Virginia,

RICHMOND.

The Fifty-fourth Annual Session of the above-named institution will begin OCTOBER 1st, 1891, and continue six months.
For Catalogue or other information write to
Dr. J. S. DORSEY CULLEN, *Dean of the Faculty.*
July 16—2m.

MAJ. JNO. W. SCOTT, President. W. F. CRAVEN, Sec'y and Treas'r.

SANFORD SASH AND BLIND COMPANY.

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Correspondence solicited. Orders promptly filled.

April 9, 1891. 6m

The A. & M. College.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

The $16,000 due North Carolina of the appropriation for the support of the Agricultural and Mechanical College for 1890 was received yesterday by State Treasurer Bain. This is the payment for 1890, and there is now also due in addition the payment for 1891, which is $17,000. These payments will be annual and will increase $1,000 each year. Part of this amount goes to the Colored Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Prof. Kinealy of the Chair of the Mechanical Department informs us that the contract for the new dormitories will be let out as soon after the 21st inst. as possible, and that he will buy about $4,500 worth of machinery for his department be tween now and September 1st.

The dormitory buildings will be constructed out of the State appropriation, but the new mechanical equipment will be paid for from the Federal fund.

How to Get a Handsome Husband.

"Whene'er some lucky Indian maiden
Found a red ear in the husking,
'Muska!' cried they altogether:
'Muska!' you shall have a sweetheart—
You shall have a handsome husband."

The handsome man always admires the beautiful woman. Then simply make yourself beautiful. Remove all blotches, pimples, "forked signs of turkey tracks" from your features, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, a tonic to the nervous, circulatory and procreative systems. Its use brings roses to the cheeks and sparkle to the eyes. Take it, and you will, like the Indian maiden, find a "red ear" in good health, an omen of future happiness. *Guaranteed* to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it refunded.

As there is no royal road to learning, so there is no magical cure for disease. The effect, however, of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for blood disorders comes as near magic as can be expected of any mere human agency. This is due to its purity and strength.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

LACE CURTAINS.

Now is the season when the good housekeeper's mind turns to attractive furnishings. Our stock of fine Lace Curtains, Shades, Rollers and Fixtures was never so complete. All perfectly new and fresh.
FRANK THORNTON.

La Grippe Again.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial, and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble. Trial bottles free at B E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine; made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. He found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

A BOON TO THE SICK.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer is endorsed by Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga., who says: "It is a great remedy." Rev. Sam P. Jones says: "I wish every poor suffering wife had access to that medicine." Thousands of others attest its virtues. Fifty gallons are drunk in Atlanta daily, where it is performing remarkable cures. It removes the cause of disease and builds up from the first dose. Send stamp for full particulars, certificates of wonderful cures, etc., to King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga. IT CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Price, $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D. if your druggist cannot supply you.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	85
Hog Round,	10	HIDES—	
Sides,	9	Flint—good,	6
Hams,	12	Flint—damaged,	5
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7
Sides,	7½	Green,	3
Shoulders,	6	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	8	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15	LARD—	
Shoulders,	6½@8	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	7½@8	Western,	9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3	Upper, country,	25@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@40
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@40	(12d basis),	2.60
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	5@6
Rio,	22½@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.60	Sweet—new,	40
CHICKENS,	15@35	Irish—o	1.90
EGGS,	10	SALT,	95
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	3.50	Coffee,	6
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.00	Granulated,	7
CORN MEAL—	95	SHEETINGS,	6
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn—new,	85	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	75@00	WOOL,	18
Rye,	1.10	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	80	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	90	Pch Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

Good Middling	8
Middling	7¾
Strict Low Middling	7¼

Turpentine, $2.20 to $3.00 per barrel
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 32 cents
Rosin was steady, prices ranging at 90.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 15.

COTTON.—Cotton steady, with sales on a basis of 7¼ cents for Middling.
SPIRITS TURPENTIE.—The market steady at 32 cents per gallon.
TAR—Firm $1.90.
ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at $1.20 per bbl. for Strained and $1.25 cents for Good Strained.
TURPENTINE (Crude) Distillers quote the market firm at $2.4 for Virgin, $2.40 for Yellow Dip and 1.40 for Hard.

CONSTIPATION
and other bowel complaints cured and prevented by the prompt use of
Ayer's Cathartic Pills
They regulate the liver, cleanse the stomach, and greatly assist digestion.
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

May 28, 1891.

It's easy enough
—the Ball corset. That's because it has coils of fine wire springs in the sides. They clasp the figure closely, but yield to every motion.

They "give", but they come back. So does your money—if you've worn a Ball corset two or three weeks, and find that you don't like it.

FOR SALE BY
ROSE & LEAK.

SATINES.

This class of goods is growing in favor, and in consequence the artists are giving more attention to attractive designs. We now exhibit them in all the new shades, with solid colors to match if desired.
FRANK THORNTON.

A REGULAR TOR-NADO!

Smashing PRICES ALL TO Pieces!

IF YOU WANT CLOTHING NOW IS YOUR TIME.

My stock of clothing is too large and I must reduce it. I see no other means except to make

STARTLING REDUCTIONS IN PRICES! THEY WILL SURPRISE YOU!

It will cost you Nothing to look for yourselves,

and if youcannot find Clothing, New, Fresh and Styish, manufactured by the most reiablehouses in the United States, at prices never before known or heard of in Fayetteville, then

DON'T BUY THEM! You can take your pick of this stock at almost YOUR OWN PRICE!

IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO WRITE MUCH ABOUT THE SUBJECT, AS AN EXAMINATION AND PRICING ARE REQUIRED FOR YOU TO

Fully Appreciate the Extraordinary Advantages Offered!

The Question is: Do I Want Any Clothing?

If you do, examine our Stock and

NEW PRICES

before buying, and you will be surprised to see how little money is required to buy a nice suit of Clothing.

FRANK THORNTON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

May 28th, 1891.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY.....JULY 16, 1891.

Condition of the Crops for the Week Ending July 10th.

CENTRAL OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin issued by the North Carolina Experiment Station and State Weather Service for the week ending Friday, July 10th, 1891, shows that crops have generally continued to improve. The early part of the week warm, with occasional showers badly distributed, and rain was beginning to be needed at many places. A general rain prevailed Tuesday and Wednesday evening, which greatly refreshed crops. In a few localities the rain-fall was heavy, washing land, and accompanied by wind, which did a little damage. The last few days have been too cool, which will retard the growth of crops somewhat. Cotton continues to improve and looks more vigorous; is blooming freely in Central and Western Districts. Crops generally now cleared of grass and well cultivated. Blackberries ripe and yield large. Present condition of crops for the entire State is as follows: Cotton, 75; corn, 82; tobacco, 82; wheat, 83; oats, 76; grass, 87 (one hundred and sixty-six reports received, representing sixty-eight counties).

EASTERN DISTRICT—The rain-fall has been rather badly distributed, and a few sections are suffering from drought. Generally the weather during the week has been very favorable, except the last three days, during which the temperature has been too low. Condition of cotton and tobacco slightly lower than last week. Crops generally cleared of grass. Present condition of crops in this district: Cotton, 76; corn, 82; tobacco, 82; wheat, 86; oats, 74; grass, 85; peanuts, 82 (forty reports received, representing twenty-one counties).

CENTRAL DISTRICT—A heavy thunderstorm prevailed Wednesday evening. Wind did some damage in portions of the district. The rain-fall was beneficial, though badly distributed. The temperature down to 55 degrees latter part of week, which will check growth of crops Cotton looking much more vigorous and blooming freely. Present condition of crops in this district: Cotton, 75; corn, 79; tobacco, 80; wheat, 79, oats, 82; grass, 90 (fifty reports received, representing twenty counties).

WESTERN DISTRICT—Rain which was much needed fell Wednesday evening, and was well distributed in this district. Crops in consequence considerably improved. Early part of week warm and partly cloudy; latter part clear and rather too cool. Present condition of crops in this district: Cotton, 73; corn, 85; tobacco, 83; wheat, 83; oats, 72; grass, 85 (seventy-six reports received, representing twenty-seven counties).

Tragic Affair.

SHELBY, N. C., July 11.—Lincolnton, one of the oldest and most aristocratic towns in this section, is wildly excited over a terrible tragedy that stains the good name of two of her most prominent families.

To-day Samuel Motz, a popular young man about 22 years old, was killed, Robt. Michael, another prominent young man, was dangerously wounded in the thigh, arm and hand, and Charley Motz was wounded in the shoulder: the results of the most inhuman crime man can be guilty of—the betrayal of a young and confiding woman.

Until six weeks ago Miss Maggie Motz, a handsome brunette, was one of the most popular and esteemed young ladies in Lincolnton. At that time "Madam Rumor" began whispering that she had departed from the paths of virtue. Two different men were said to be the author of her downfall. One of them is Rev. Wm. P. Fife, the evangelist, who was exonerated after an investigation by interested parties and upon the oath of the young lady herself, but Bob Michael, who had been paying her marked attention for two years or more, was believed to have been the guilty party.

About a month ago, while Miss Motz was walking near town, she was taken suddenly ill, and gave birth to a child, which lived only a short time. As soon as possible she was taken to her father's house, and for some days she was at the point of death. As soon as her family became aware of her condition they resolved to compel Michael to marry his victim or suffer death.

Up to the present time Michael made no effort to marry her, but continued to remain around town. This afternoon at 1 o'clock, in company with Samuel Motz, a cousin to Miss Maggie, young Michael started in a buggy for Lincolnton Lithia Springs, four miles from Lincolnton. When about a mile from town, while passing a dense piece of woods, they were fired upon with shot-guns by Caldwell, Charley and John Motz, brothers to the injured girl. Samuel Motz fell from the buggy, having been shot through the heart, and Michael was hit three times—in the thigh, arm and hand.

As soon as they had fired the Motz brothers started to run. Although desperately wounded, Michael drew his pistol and fired at the retreating brothers, hitting Charley in the shoulder, the ball penetrating the lung.

The news of the tragedy quickly spread over the town, and the Motz brothers were placed under arrest. Samuel Motz was a first cousin to the brothers.

Campbell Will Have Opposition.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 11.—A fight in the Democratic State Convention, which is to be held here next week, is assured. In the Cuyahoga county convention to-day, 49 Kline delegates were chosen, Governor Campbell not getting a single vote. Ex-Sheriff Sawyer, the Governor's major, was not only defeated in his own ward but failed to get a place in the delegation. It now looks as if Campbell will fail to secure a nomination on the first ballot, in which event he is not likely to pull through.

South Carolina Favors Decreasing Cotton Acreage.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 9.—The low price of cotton is causing great dissatisfaction among the farmers in this State, and various propositions have been made to limit the production by decreasing the acreage, by plowing up one-fourth of the present growing crop and by other devices.

Blaine Has Not Resigned.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 9.—President Harrison this afternoon emphatically denied that Secretary Blaine has resigned, a rumor to that effect having reached here to-day.

He Says Flower will be Nominated.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Gen. Curtis, the New York Republican who is here, says the Democrats will nominate Roswell P. Flower for Governor.

The Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 10.—The July returns to the Department of Agriculture show some improvement in the cotton condition during the month of June. The general average for the whole breadth has advanced three points, standing at 88.6. This is three points below the July returns last year and one point above that of 1889. In but four seasons since 1874 have the July returns been so low. The slight improvement noted has been quite general throughout the belt, the result of favorable weather during the month. The crop is universally late, ranging locally from a few days to two weeks or more. In the Atlantic and eastern Gulf States especially the plant is small and backward, and a lack of suitable weather for chopping out has made the fields very grassy. Germination was slow and imperfect, and replanting failed to secure perfect stands. Locally considerable areas have been plowed up and given to other crops or abandoned entirely. From the Mississippi westward the plant, while somewhat backward, is of good color, making a generally vigorous growth, while plantations running a sufficient number of plows are reasonably clean. There is some complaint of lack of labor. The outlook in Texas is especially good, the plant vigorous, fields well worked, and fruiting begun. Worms are reported from but two counties, both in Texas, not even an invasion of a first brood being noted anywhere else. The returns of conditions by States are as follows: Virginia, 82; North Carolina, 77; South Carolina, 80; Georgia, 85; Florida, 94; Alabama, 87; Mississippi, 91; Louisiana, 90; Texas, 95; Arkansas, 93; Tennessee, 82.

The temperature of the month was above normal throughout almost the entire region; the rain-fall while rather short was generally sufficient, and this favorable combination of meteorogical conditions enabled the crop to recover somewhat from the unfavorable earlier season. The lateness of the plant will make the final outcome unusually dependent upon the length of the season.

A Mortgage for Two Millions.

Richmond Dispatch.]

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company filed in the Clerk's office of the Chancery Court of this city a deed of trust to the Central Trust Company of New York, giving the trust company a mortgage on the property of all its lines for the amount of $2,000,000.

This was in pursuance of resolutions adopted at a meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, held in this city on June 22nd, in which the board of directors of the company were instructed to issue equipment-purchase bonds for the sum of $2,000,000, bearing such rate of interest and payable at such time as the board should determine upon, and to secure the same by deed of trust, mortgage or other instrument upon the equipment thus purchased, or other property of the company, said bonds to bear date of May 1, 1891.

The bonds were issued, and soon found a lodging-place in the banking-house of the Central Trust Company, one of the largest financial institutions in the country.

The money will be expended for the general equipment of the roads and the suppliance of the rolling stock. The rate of interest the bonds bear is 6 per cent., payable semi-annually.

Charlotte's Finances.

Charlotte Chronicle.]

There are only $250 in the treasury of Charlotte. A city hall is going up at the rate of $1,000 expenses per week. The streets are costing $500 per week, and we are told that there are only $6,000 in sight between now and November. A proposition to issue $40,000 in bonds was defeated by the board of aldermen on Monday, and there is also opposition to the borrowing of money. The board of aldermen had just as well fall into line and face the music by putting the bond question before the people. The city hall has gone too far to suspend work, and the other institutions of the city, such as water, lights and police, must be sustained. Put the bond question before the people. They have sense enough to solve the problem.

For Three Millions.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 11.—A Florence, Ala., special says that the property of the Sheffield Land Company and the plant of the Alabama Iron and Railway Company of Sheffield, will be sold to an English syndicate. The dispatch says that the negotiations have been pending for some time, and it is now said that the deal will be closed at once. Messrs. Edsley and Cole, the largest owners of the property, left yesterday for London, accompanied by a representative of the syndicate, who assured them that the deal would be consummated on their arrival in London. The property consists of three large blast furnaces and nearly two-thirds of the town of Sheffield. The price is three millions of dollars.

Struck by Lightning.

Scottish Chief.]

During the prevalence of a thunderstorm four miles east of town last Friday, lightning struck the wife of A. D. McLaurin, colored, while plowing in the cotton field, stunning her, and instantly killing the horse which she was driving. McLaurin says it was an hour before his wife recovered from the shock, that the storm was passing a mile distant, and the sun was shining when the bolt came. His wife saw no flash of lightning, and knew nothing of what had happened until consciousness was restored and she was told of it.

Some "Greens."

Scottish Chief.]

We have on exhibition in this office a collard stalk of last year's growth, 10 feet 1½ inches high, still green, but the top went to seed, which were gathered last week. This mammoth collard comes from the garden of Augustus McNeill, col., two miles west of Red Springs, and is considered one of the wonderful productions of Robeson County's piney woods soil, the possibilities of which the half has not been told.

A Cabarrus County Miser Dead.

CHARLOTTE, N C., July 9.—The death of "Billy" Bost, the eighty-year-old miser, has brought to light some startling facts about himself. Over $10,000 was found in old shoes, quilts, rags and the cracks of the house. His only companions were cats and dogs and a negro woman whom he left out entirely in his will. He owned hundreds of acres of land, and was altogether very wealthy.

Tornado in South Carolina.

A special from Prosperity, S. C., says: A terrible tornado passed over this section of the State last night, doing much damage. Houses were unroofed, barns and other out-houses blown down, and large trees uprooted and twisted to fragments.

The Crops in the East.

Wilson Advance.]

So far as we have been able to learn, the crops in this section have greatly improved within the last two weeks. The heavy rains during the last week in May and the first week in June produced a troublesome crop of grass which called for extra work and expense, but the farmers, in most cases, now happily have that about under control.

Cotton is from two to three weeks late, and blooms are scarce, but the stand is very good and the plants look healthy. Corn is looking well, but is beginning to need rain.

The tobacco crop is generally very good, and the acreage in this county is considerably increased.

There is a smaller acreage in peanuts this year than last, owing, we suppose, to the low prices which prevailed at planting season. From many sources we hear complaints of the scarcity of labor, but these complaints are not general, and will not affect the producers as much as it would to feed a large, idle, surplus, thriftless population for ten months during the year. Barring low prices, which we hope will improve before the marketing of this crop begins, there is much in the situation to encourage our people.

We Get the Cash.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The investigation instituted by First Comptroller Matthews has resulted in the discovery that the State of North Carolina is entitled to $26,218 more than was originally allowed it on account of the direct tax act. The mistake was the result of an error in calculation made nearly twenty years ago when the question of the refund of this tax was first considered by Congress. A committee report was prepared giving the amount each State would receive through such legislation. According to this report, which until now has never been corrected, North Carolina was given a credit of $377,836.43, and about a month ago the claim of the Governor of the State for that amount was allowed by the accounting officers. At that time, however, one of the clerks in the Fifth Auditor's office, where accounts are kept, reported that a part of the tax collected from individuals had apparently been omitted in the settlement of the case. An investigation showed this report to be true and that the State's proper quota was $404,054. Judge Matthews says steps will be taken to pay the balance as soon as the necessary formalities shall have been complied with.

A Man Killed on the Carolina Central Road.

Wilmington Messenger.]

A man was found at the end of Big Swamp trestle yesterday. It was supposed he was killed by the night train. He had not been in his right mind for some time. The supposition is that he was caught on the track and dragged to death. His hat and suspenders were found 1,000 yards from the body. He was originally from Biaden county. It is said he has a wife and three children at Pate's. It was train No. 23, Wednesday night. His body was nearly nude when found, and portions of his skull and brains were scattered the whole distance. The top of his skull was torn off down nearly to his neck, and he was otherwise mutilated by striking bolt heads on the trestle, and there were several large holes in his back and shoulders.

One of his shoes was found about sixty or seventy yards from where the body was. The last seen of him alive was the evening before, going towards the trestle, until the time he was found by two small boys who were passing the place. Dr. Lewis, the coroner from Lumberton, went down yesterday and held an inquest on the body.

Strange Occurrence.

Monroe Enquirer.]

A gentleman from Moore county, who was in Monroe Tuesday, told us of a peculiar occurrence in that county last week. Two young men named Register were working on the turpentine orchards, and had a shanty near Keyser, a station on the R. & A. Railroad. One of them was attacked with fever, and his brother sat up with him for several nights in succession. Finally he was so overcome with fatigue that one night he fell asleep and when he awoke he found his brother gone. He, with several friends, searched for him several days without success. Finally a negro man found him in the swamps of Lumber River, naked. The negro enticed him out of the swamp, and persuaded him to go a short distance with him, but he escaped from him and returned to the swamp. The negro at once reported the facts to his brother, who continued the search until Sunday afternoon, when he was found on the edge of the swamp—dead.

The Statue of Jackson.

LEXINGTON, Va., July 8.—The heroic bronze figure of Stonewall Jackson was placed upon the plinth late this afternoon under the personal supervision of General G. W. Lee, President of Washington and Lee University, and now all that remains to be done before the unveiling, on the 21st, is a little finishing work. The figure is 9 feet high, on a base the same height, and faces the south. It represents Jackson in field uniform, bare-headed and with eyes elevated. Valentine, Virginia's sculptor, produced the bronze. The base is of Virginia granite. The plinth bears this inscription: "Stonewall Jackson, 1824-1863." The letters "U. S." on the hilt of his sword seem out of place, and cause comment here.

Fruit Canning.

Shelby Aurora.]

Fruit crops in Cleveland are good, and if fruit canning establishments were now in operation more than $10,000 worth of fruit could be saved. The canning outfit is not costly, and our farmers should learn to utilize their fruit crop.

The Southern fruit crop is worth millions, but our "Rip Van Winkle" farmers let most of it decay or fatten their hogs on it. The canning outfit does not cost $300, and a small cheap outfit can be utilized for canning at an expense of $100. The one at King's Mountain did not cost $100 and will begin work next week. Our people need more push and more small industries, with less cotton. Some of our farmers appear to be hypnotized, and can't do anything but raise cotton.

The People's Party Not Endorsed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 9.—The extended canvass made by the New England *Homestead* shows that the new People's Party is not endorsed by the farmers of New England and New York. The men interviewed were all prominent farmers. While some favor a more independent political action than heretofore nearly all oppose the idea of a special farmers' party. The sub-treasury bill and the loaning of issues of paper by the government on land and values are looked upon as wild schemes. Free coinage of silver has a small following. The opinion in general is that the farmers' movement in this section of the country will consist more in independent action through the old parties than in forming any new party.

Always the Favorite!

The Next Meal.

And we are prepared to fill orders for FAMILY SUPPLIES for BREAKFAST, DINNER and SUPPER, LUNCH and FIVE O'CLOCK TEAS.

Quite likely no one who reads the above will say don't use them—if so, our choice Cigars are gaining in favor. The U and I brand of Chewing Tobacco is good; and most delicious is the last lot of Royster's Candy.

Leave your orders so as to have them filled in time for each meal.

Fruits and Vegetables Constantly Received.

Call early. Very truly,

A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.,
Fayetteville, N. C.

July 2, 1891—tf

Wilson Collegiate Institute,

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

WILSON, N. C.

Fall Session Opens September 7th, 1891.

A thorough preparatory course of study, with a FULL COLLEGIATE COURSE, equal to that of any Female College in the South.

Standard of scholarship *unusually high*. Facilities for the study of Music and Art unsurpassed.

Department of Telegraphy, Type-writing and Short-hand.

Beautiful and healthful location. Moderate charges. Steady increase of patronage. For catalogue address

SILAS E. WARREN, Principal,
July 2, 1891—2m Wilson, N. C.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture

—AND—

MECHANIC ARTS

will begin its third session on September 3rd, 1891, with increased facilities and equipments in every department. The past successful year has given further evidence of its practical value, and its young men are already in demand for responsible positions. Total cost $100 per year. Each County Superintendent of Education will examine applicants for admission. For catalogues address

ALEX. Q. HOLLADAY, President,
July 9, 1891—1m Raleigh, N. C.

Turpentine and Saw-Mill Lands.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

Seventeen (17,000) thousand acres of Round Pine Timber, 20-crop Virgin boxes, 20 bbl. Still and everything complete, immediately on the G. S. & F. R. R. Also 3,000 acres Saw Mill Timber now ready to cut. Call on or address

McLEOD & YOUNG,
Mineola, Ga.
July 2, 1891. 4t

D. R. HUFFINES,

Steam Bottling Works,

—AND—

Manufactuer of all kinds of Soft Drinks.

Also Agent for R. Portner, Brewers & Co.'s Celebrated Lager Beer in Kegs, Export or Patent Bottles.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

June 4, 1891—6m

PARK HOUSE,

OPPOSITE C. F. & Y. V. DEPOT,

Three minutes walk from A. C. L. Depot.

BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Open Fire-Places. Reasonable Rates.

Special attention to the country trade.

MRS. T. G. HALL,
Jan'y 29, 1891—tf

WANTED.

TWO energetic young men or ladies. Salary $75 per month. Send stamp for reply.

R. D. ROBINSON,
117 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
July 9, 1891. 3w

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Island Beach Hotel!

For the Season of 1891.

The Most Pleasant Summer House on the South Atlantic Coast.

The Island Beach Hotel is now open for the reception of guests. The house has been thoroughly renovated, with many improvements, excellent cooks and a well-trained corps of servants. The Table is furnished with the best the markets afford No pains spared to please. Half hour's ride to Wilmington. Telegraphic service. Rates low.

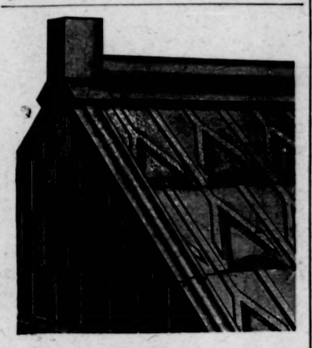
Correspondence solicited.

WILL HUNTER,
June 25, 1891—tf Proprietor.

Simply This and Nothing More.

IT IS WITH THE WARMEST FEELINGS OF GRATITUDE TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS THAT I TENDER TO THEM MY SINCERE THANKS FOR ASSISTING AND GENEROUSLY SUPPORTING ME IN ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING WHAT IS NOW CONSIDERED THE LEADING DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA. YOUR PATRONAGE I ASSURE YOU, IS APPRECIATED, AND IS AN INCENTIVE TO USE MY BEST ENDEAVORS TO MERIT AND DESERVE ITS CONTINUANCE. HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM A TWO WEEKS' VISIT TO ALL OF THE LARGE NORTHERN AND EASTERN CITIES, I CANNOT, IN THIS ISSUE, ENUMERATE THE MANY NOVELTIES OBTAINED, BUT NEXT WEEK, AND EACH WEEK FOLLOWING, I WILL, THROUGH THE "OBSERVER," KEEP YOU POSTED AS TO THE CORRECT STYLES IN DRY GOODS.

FRANK THORNTON.



PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS | FREE.

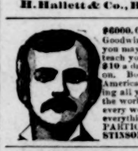
100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick-work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.

Over 100,000 copies of this little book have been sold for ten cents each.

We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.

THE NATIONAL SHEET METAL ROOFING CO., 510 to 520 East 20th St., New York City.
Sept. 11, 1890. 1y

H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine



$6000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CAMARGO

is rather an unusual word, and many people do not know the significance, and we will explain that it is used to designate the

Best Window Shade on the Market.

It is of very heavy texture and is far superior to any other shade that has ever been offered here.

We have them mounted on the celebrated

HARTSHORN SPRING ROLLER

in a variety of colors and styles and prices.

Our stock of them is very select and beautiful, and we would be glad if all the ladies would stop at our store and see them before they are gone.

S. SHEETZ & SONS,
The Leading Furniture House.

June 18, 1891

WALTER WATSON.

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Cutlery, Pistols

GUNS, &c., &c.

Sporting Goods of Every Description.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.

Rubber Belting, Leather Belting Lace and Belt Fastenings

OF ALL KINDS AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Estimates and Correct Measurements Given for Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS IN STOCK AT LIVING PRICES.

TURPENTINE AND EDGE TOOLS

—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE.—

Fayetteville, N. C.

NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE,

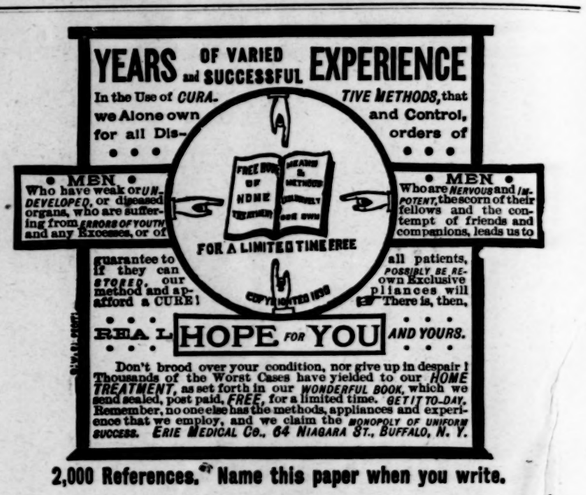
Fayetteville, North Carolina.

T. A. BARKER, - - MANAGER

The Manager of the Fashionable Campello Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL

An Especially Delightful Climate During the Spring Months,
With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country


YEARS OF VARIED and SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE
In the Use of CURATIVE METHODS, that we Alone own and Control, for all Diseases and Disorders of
MEN
Who have weak or UNDEVELOPED, or diseased organs, who are suffering from ERRORS OF YOUTH and any Excesses, or of
MEN
Who are NERVOUS and IMPOTENT, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of friends and companions, leads us to
FREE BOOK OF HOME TREATMENT
FOR A LIMITED TIME FREE
guarantee to cure if they can, our STORES method and afford a CURE!
all patients, POSSIBLY BE REOWN Exclusive Plances will There is, then,
REAL HOPE FOR YOU AND YOURS.
Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our HOME TREATMENT, as set forth in our WONDERFUL BOOK, which we send sealed, post paid, FREE, for a limited time. GET IT TO-DAY. Remember, no one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the MONOPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

2,000 References. Name this paper when you write.

January 15, 1891. 1y

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL,"

—AND—

All things work well to those who purchase their Heavy and Fancy Groceries of

D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Among the popular Wholesale and Retail Heavy and Fancy Grocery Houses of the Cape Fear Section is that of D. A. McMILLAN, of Fayetteville, N. C., which is filled to overflowing with one of the best Selected and Assorted Stocks of Fine Groceries, Hardware and Willow-ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, etc. Every line is thoroughly complete, and every article he sells is guaranteed to be as represented. Special inducements will be given on the following articles.

Bacon,	Hams,	Shoulders,	Breakfast-Strips,
Lard,	Salt-Fish,	Mountain Butter,	Canned Beef,
Oysters,	Lobsters,	Sardines,	Potted Ham,
Potted Tongue,	Sugar,	Coffee,	Tea,
Cheese,	Molasses,	Syrup.	Pepper,
Spice,	Ginger,	Mace,	Tapioca, Gelatine,
Pickles,	Flour,	Meal,	Hominy,
Rice,	Crackers,	Soda,	Starch.
Soap,	Star Lye,	Tobacco,	Cigars,
Snuff,	Lamps,	Lamp Goods,	Brooms,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,		Willow-ware,	Glass-ware,

Fayetteville Iron and Brass-Bound Buckets, &c., &c.

A call is all he asks. Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance

Remember the place.
Oct. 16, 1890—tf] D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Person Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Business Established 1832.

A. A. McKETHAN'S SON,

SUCCESSOR TO A. A. McKETHAN & SONS, MANUFACTURER and DEALER IN

Carriages, Buggies and Harness.

Full and Complete Stock Always on Hand.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

SEE MY STOCK AND GET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

January 15, 1891—1y

June 18, 1891—3m

A. G. BRADY,

Cotton Factor, Cotton Buyer and Commission Merchant.

Buys Directly from the Farmers and will Pay the Highest Market Prices. Negotiates Loans for them, and will furnish them with Supplies at lowest commission possible.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Feb'y 12, 1891—tf

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JULY 16, 1891.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Fife Meetings at Mt. Airy.

Parties arriving in the city over the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. from the western part of the State, and Mt. Airy in particular, report tremendous crowds in attendance on the Fife meetings at Mt. Airy this week.

Public Speaking.

We have been requested to announce that there will be a public Alliance speaking at Stedman on Friday, July 24th, by R. B. Hunter, Esq., Assistant State Lecturer; and on Saturday, the 25th, at Autryville, by the same speaker--speaking to commence at 11 o'clock.

Obituary.

Very warm is the sympathy of the whole community for the sorrowing family of Capt. D. Jones in the affliction which has so heavily fallen upon the household in the death of the daughter, Miss Alice Jones, aged but 21 years—taken away in the fulness of the charm and grace of winning womanhood. Except to express our own cordial participation in this sympathetic feeling, we feel that we can add nothing to the beautiful memorial tribute to be found in another column.

A Little More of a Very Good Thing.

The unmarred success and unalloyed enjoyment of the Cape Fear river excursion given last month by the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry Cornet Band very naturally emboldens the corps to repeat that very excellent thing. The second excursion of the season will take place next Thursday evening, 23rd inst., on the handsome steamer *Murchison*, Capt. R. H. Tomlinson commanding, with the concomitants of nice refreshments and delightful music.

Special Rates.

Capt. W. E. Kyle, General Passenger Agent of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, publishes the following special rates for the occasions named:

Fayetteville District M. E. Conference at Maxton: Round-trip ticket from Fayetteville, $2.20; Sanford, $3.85; Wilmington, $4.55—tickets on sale from July 15th to 17th.

Farmers' Alliance Rally at Maxton—tickets on sale August 5th; final limit, August 7th.

The Charleston Excursion.

Not a large but very nice crowd left here at 7 o'clock last Tuesday morning—in number altogether about 75, we suppose, a good many of whom were ladies—and Messrs. E. H. Jennings and Douglas Jennings expected to fill their coaches rapidly as they proceeded southward.

They went clear out of reach—into "furren parts," we might say—and, as they do not return before late this evening, we will be able to give no notes of their southern tour of exploration until next week.

The Berries! the Berries!!

If the pantries of the housewives—with the low price of sugar and the abundance of berries this season—are not full of canned goods, jams and preserves, it is the fault of said housewives and not of Claus Spreckles and the berry-pickers. The plenteousness of the huckleberries would lead us to believe that we were in the territory of the "big blues," while blackberries and dewberries could be had almost for the asking. In the country a few days since we found the "woods full of them," of very fine quality and in bewildering profusion.

She'd Do Her Best.

Jones says that the "milk of human kindness," bounteously overflowing in the tender heart of his mother, prompts her to unstinted indulgence of her troublesome grandchildren, and indues her with a never-failing hopefulness of satisfying their wildest caprices and most unreasonable fancies. The other evening, when one of her naughty grandsons was crying for the moon, the dear old lady said:—

"Well, now, I don't know: Astronomers tell us that the moon is much nearer to us than any of the other heavenly bodies—a sort of neighbor of the earth, in fact—and there's no telling what a well-directed effort might accomplish."

Terrible Accident.

Mr. O'Hara, sawyer at Grennamyer, McClure & Co's. saw-mill, this city, was caught in the belting of the machinery Tuesday morning, and thrown with terrific force against a circular saw, inflicting a frightful wound on Mr. O'Hara's head. He was painfully injured otherwise, though at last accounts was resting as well as could be expected. Dr. McNeill was speedily summoned, and rendered all the relief possible to the maimed and suffering man. An investigation showed that the wound on the head was several inches in length, out of which some of the brains of the wounded man had oozed.

We regret to state that Mr. O'Hara died at about 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Tuesday, no surgical skill availing against his terrible injuries.

Interesting Reminiscence.

Our esteemed friend, Maj. R. M. Orrell—than whom no one is better versed in the former boating history of the Cape Fear river—contributes to our columns the following very interesting facts with regard to the steamer *Henrietta*, recalled to his mind by our article of last week:

The *Henrietta* was built, I think, from traditional information, in 1814, and was geared to work with cog-wheels like a mill. On reaching abrupt points on the river like Blennan, Elbow, Pull, Cove, and occasionally Big and Little Sugar Loaf, she had to be *dropped* around with a line.

In 1820 Capt. Benj. Rush, a practical machinist, who came here from Philadelphia, changed her gearing to a chain motion, and subsequently to a connecting-rod and crank motion, which enabled her to steam around the points. She had no upper deck at first, and her cabin was set down in the hold, like those on the flats of the present day, with capacity for carrying 6 or 8 passengers. She must have run during her river life at least 1,500,000 miles, and earned for her owners about $1,500,000. She was very much improved by Messrs. Hall & Johnson both in appearance and speed.

On one occasion, while I had charge as managing agent of the line, I ran the *Henrietta* against the *Chatham*, both carrying passengers, and I promised mine that they should be in Wilmington ahead of the other boat, which had 15 minutes the start. I left the wharf at exactly 6 o'clock, A. M., and my passengers were up town in Wilmington at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. I made but two stops, for wood, and beat the *Chatham* by two hours. The latter was keel-bottomed, and, when loaded, was very fast.

I ran the *Henrietta* up to Averasboro—the first boat ever to go up that high—took off her smoke-stack to pass under Clarendon Bridge, took along three flats, and brought back 3,400 bbls. of rosin, nearly all of it for the late A. A. McKethan. While I was agent of the line the *Henrietta* towed up the *Ben Rush*, a very large flat, with 4,500 bushels of rock alum salt and 50 hogsheads of molasses for the late Chas. T. Haigh, and 46 hogsheads for the late E. W. Wilkings. What would you think of one of our merchants in these days buying at one time 4,500 bushels of rock alum salt (the lumps of which were in size from a marble to a walnut)?

I have had the *Henrietta*, with the *Ben Rush* in tow, to come up loaded with measurement goods; and, although I owned a four-horse wagon and a dray, and got my share of the other drays, it would take me two weeks to discharge the freight, which amounted to about $1,500. E. W. Wilkings's freight bills would be $700 or $800, as Maj. A. J. O'Hanlon knows, as he audited the bills and forwarded the goods. Mr. Wilkings loaded wagons daily for Salisbury, Greensboro, Salem, Charlotte, Raleigh, Statesville, Wilkesboro, Hillsboro and Wentworth.

Capt. Doyle O'Hanlon also owned a line of boats, and was doing a large business. All these things show that we had business here before the North Carolina Railroad was built.

A New Departure Back into Old Scenes.

The Sunday-school teachers and pupils of the 1st Baptist Church of this city have decided to depend on the beautiful old Cape Fear river for the recreation and enjoyment of their annual summer "outing" this year. A steamboat excursion down that picturesque stream will be taken soon—the exact date and point of destination to be given hereafter.

The old-fashioned picnic of this kind has been so much neglected of late years that there will be a pleasurable and piquant spice of novelty in this "new departure," which will admit of a programme brimful of harmless amusement. There are charming spots on the sinuous banks with turf soft as velvet and green as emerald; where the swinging branches clasp each other and defy the noonday heat; where springs pure as the breath of heaven and pellucid as the diamond's depths cool the blood and slake the thirst—where kindly nature has gathered up all her resources to form a banquet-hall for the harmless reveler in her countless charms.

Some of the most delightful picnicking jaunts of our past life owe their joys to the beauties of the Cape Fear river.

An Hour of Bustle.

The passenger depot of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, between the hours of 2 and 3 P. M., is daily a spot full of life, hurry and bustle, the through trains east and west and the train for Charleston, S. C., arriving and departing within a few minutes of each other.

For about 15 minutes prior to their coming the crowds of those converging there on business, or attracted by curiosity, together with the omnibuses, hacks, drays, etc., increases rapidly, until, as the trains roll in, the platform is thronged, the waiting-rooms are full, and people are hurrying here and there in all the confusion of just coming in and just going off.

Then first one train pulls out, then another, then another; the man who has been coming to Fayetteville for years, and who is always just almost too late, rushes up with a red face and wilted collar, falls over a trunk, and clings on by the railing of the rear car; the vehicles drive off; the crowd trickles imperceptibly away—and the chronic lounger turns away with a sigh until to-morrow.

Improvements.

The town authorities have ordered additional gas lamps to be placed at certain points in the suburbs, and on dark side-streets nearer the centre of town. This is very badly-needed "light on the subject," which will be gratefully received by the belated wayfarer who is blessing himself for having left his latch-key in his other vest-pocket, or by the other gentleman, whose arduous labors at the lodge have taxed his energies until away toward day.

Great improvement has also been made on Maiden Lane—the great ditch running alongside Mr. Thornton's premises having been adequately sewered up to the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, which wonderfully improves that street, and helps property in the vicinity. That part of Fayetteville—with the picture formed by the stream and mill, Eccles Park and the beautiful flower-plat in front of the charming residences of Dr. Hodges and Mr. F. W. Thornton—is remarkably attractive.

Murder at Bishopville, S. C.

We were pained to receive information last week of the murder of Mr. Shaw, editor of the paper at Bishopville, S. C., a nephew of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Col. Duncan Shaw, of Seventy First township, and a cousin of Mr. Jno. G. Shaw, of the Fayetteville bar. Mr. Shaw came from South Carolina two or three months since to pay a visit to his relatives in this county, and made a pleasant call at the OBSERVER office. The following from the Wilmington *Messenger* gives full particulars of the lamentable affair:

A private letter received from a correspondent throws additional light on the assassination of editor Shaw, of Bishopville, S. C.

He says he was driving out with the editor, and met two drunken men who were cursing in a very loud and boisterous manner. Shaw went over to them and attempted to reason with them, urging them to calm down and be peaceable.

While he was thus reasoning in a kindly tone, either one or both of the men stabbed him in three places, causing his death in five minutes.

One man escaped, together with a young man who assisted him in getting away.

The correspondent then gives a graphic account of the chase and search.

The murder occurred on the 4th of July, and that night he, with a party of twelve men, all heavily armed, scoured the country for the murderers. This was continued until late Sunday afternoon.

The man who went off with the murderer was caught and lodged in Camden jail. The chief object of the search escaped into the woods. The counties of Sumter, Chesterfield, Darlington and Kershaw were traversed in the unsuccessful search.

The informant says the editor, who was murdered before his eyes, was a clever and an excellent gentleman, a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the Master of the Masonic Lodge.

The Governor of South Carolina has offered a reward of $250 for the apprehension of the escaped murderer.

In conclusion, he says the bloody picture is ineffaceably impressed on his memory.

Late News from "Befo' de War."

Maj. Wright Huske, in recently looking over a quantity of papers, scrap-books and *memoranda* of the late lamented Dr. B. W. Robinson (whose cultured literary taste led him to preserve many fugitive gems floating in the current of letters), unearthed something of a curiosity in journalism. It is a newspaper in miniature—folio, 8x12 inches—and was given to the world at a time when the beneficent fruits of Herr Guttenberg's invention were evidently accessible to comparatively few, and the reading public had but a shadowy idea of Mr. Caxton as a benefactor.

It was called "The Laurel," printed "near Lumberton, N. C. (in pen-and-ink copperplate), by T. H. Norment," and the issue before us bears date Jan'y 9th, 1815. Elegaic poetry had its admirers and its uses even at that time, and the following goes to show that as an *obituarist* Mr. Norment deserved to rank with our kindly old philanthropist, George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger:*

EPITAPH ON A MR. PECK.

Here lies a Peck! as some men say,
Was first of all a peck of clay;
This, wrought with skill divine while fresh,
Became a curious peck of flesh!

Full fifty years Peck felt life's bubbles,
'Till death relieved a peck of troubles;
Then fell poor Peck, as all things must,
And here he lies a peck of dust!

North Carolina Pharmaceutical Society—Fayettevillians Honored.

The North Carolina Pharmaceutical Society met in annual session at Morehead City on the 8th and 9th insts., with the usual attendance present. W. H. Wearn, of Charlotte, was elected President; H. R. Chears, 1st Vice-President; N. D. Fitzer, Concord, 2nd Vice-President; B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, 3rd Vice-President; F. W. Hancock, New Berne, Secretary; W. H. King, Raleigh, Local Secretary; A. J. Cook, Fayetteville, Treasurer. Raleigh was selected as the place and August, 1892, the time for holding the next State Convention.

A delegation from the North Carolina State Medical Society was present, in accordance with a resolution passed at the last Medical State Convention, and were kindly and cordially received by the Association. Fayetteville was represented on the floor by Messrs. H. R. Horne, B. E. Sedberry and A. J. Cook, and Dr. S. J. Hinsdale.

Special Rates over Atlantic Coast Line.

The Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. offers the following special rates for the occasions named:

Women's Christian Temperance Union Convention at Durham: Round-trip ticket from Fayetteville to Selma, $2.75—tickets on sale July 14th to 17th; good until July 19th, inclusive.

National Educational Association at Toronto, Canada: Round-trip ticket from Fayetteville, $30.70—tickets on sale from July 8th to 15th; good until July 31st.

Methodist Episcopal Conference at Nashville, N. C.: Round-trip ticket from Fayetteville, $5.20—tickets on sale from July 15th to 18th; good until July 21st.

Ocracoke Inlet: Round-trip ticket from Fayetteville to Greenville, $7.00—good until October 31st, returning.

List of Letters.

Following is the list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Fayetteville postoffice July 13th, 1891:

Anthony Allen, Calvin Batie, Worthy Bail, Miss Henrietta Carver, Mrs. Charity Campbell, W. R. Causey, Miss Mary Crumpler, G. A. Davis, John Forbes, Mrs. Etta Graddy, Miss Marinda C. Godwin, Mrs. Lettie R. Hays, Eliza Holmes, Albert Jackson, John Jones, Mary H. Johnson, Sarah J. Kelly, D. A. Murphy, Sam Moore, Augusta McNeill, J. S. McIvery, Miss Mahala Parker, Pugh Page, Abram Paine, J. R. Page, A. W. Plumber, G. T. Raiford, G. T. Roth & Co., Miss M. E. Rodgers, Israel Surles, James A. M'White, Miss Della Wright (2), Eliza Wright.

Persons calling for above letters will say advertised. D. F. WEMYSS, P. M.

Graded School Meeting.

The board of trustees of the Graded School met in the town hall on Monday afternoon last—Mr. Walter Watson, president of the board, in the chair, and Mr. W. N. Tillinghast acting as secretary. Hon. J. C. MacRae, Col. W. S. Cook and Mr. J. P. Thomson were elected trustees, and a new class of trustees were, in the regular course of rotation, placed in office.

Mr. Walter Watson was reelected president of the board of trustees, and Mr. W. N. Tillinghast was made secretary and treasurer. The following were appointed the Executive Committee for the current term: Hon. J. C. MacRae, Dr. J. W. McNeill, Mr. B. E. Sedberry.

Col. C. W. Broadfoot submitted a memorial in honor of the late Jno. C. Haigh, the manuscript of which the secretary inadvertently failed to put into our hands for the printer, but it will be presented to our readers next week.

The Graded School has proven a wonderful blessing to this community. The good it has done at a very small cost to the paying pupil, and without cost to many others, can hardly be computed. Under the present management the lower grades, affording a firstrate elementary education, are absolutely free; but the higher grades cannot be kept up without a liberal subscription. There are a good many pupils who have finished the free course, but who are unable to go on for want of means, and a sufficient number will be advanced into the paying grades to keep them up. It is hoped that those of our citizens who have contributed heretofore to the purchase of scholarships will renew their subscriptions, and that this fund will be largely increased. The school is being carried on without a special tax and at a minimum cost to all concerned.

The opening up of our southern connections ought to make Fayetteville a fine point for good schools. If good board can be obtained at a reasonable figure the school ought to have the benefit of a large outside patronage.

By the Way.

The 54th annual session of the Medical College of Virginia will begin on Monday, September 28th, 1891, and continue for six months. Write for catalogue.

Davidson College, one of the best schools in this or any other State, makes an important announcement in to-day's paper.

Prof. J. M. Weatherly, the able and efficient principal of Liberty Academy, has a word to say to you if you are looking for a good school.

The fall term of Lumber Bridge High School, with Prof. J. A. Monroe principal, begins August 24th. See notice.

Mr. H. McD. Robinson advertises a valuable farm for sale in to-day's OBSERVER.

Mr. W. R. Wicker has opened a new bakery in Miss Jane McKenzie's old stand, and has a word to say to our readers this week.

If your cotton gin is anyways out of working order the Carolina Machine Company tells you where to have things put in apple-pie shape. Therefore govern yourself accordingly.

Dr. Halstead, the celebrated veterinary surgeon, publishes a card to-day which should interest all owners of horse-flesh.

If you want new and fresh turnip seed see what Sedberry has to say. He won't sell old seed.

Henry Collins can hereafter be found at his old stand with fresh melons daily.

See important notice of D. K. Ray, Commissioner.

Religious Notes.

Hereafter, until September 1st, there will be no evening Sunday service at the 1st Baptist Church in this city. The weekly services will continue regularly as heretofore.

Last Sunday was "Children's Day" at the Presbyterian Church, observed by very interesting services of singing and responses on the part of the young people and Sunday-school pupils of the congregation, with a most admirable address by Rev. T. P. Barclay, in the course of which he spoke with much eloquence and feeling of the troubles, trials and dangers now besetting the toiling and praying children of God in China.

The Hay Street Methodist Church held a very large congregation last Tuesday evening, attracted by the visit of Bishop Wilson, whose discourse—in its literary polish and finish, with its abundant evidences of thorough scholarship and profound theological training—was worthy of the high reputation preceding him. The subject of his sermon was the "conversation" of the christian—his citizenship as a member and supporter of the church and religion, with its relation to the secular duties of the upright man of the world and the humble servant of God.

A Gratifying Success.

As we expected and predicted, Mr. J. A. King's excursion last Thursday to Wilmington and the Sound was both successful and pleasant. Although the morning broke so gloomy that most of those in Fayetteville who had intended to participate relinquished the trip, but one full car leaving the depot here, the weather improved so much as the day advanced that large numbers boarded the train at all the intermediate stations, until a very full train carrying several hundred rolled up to the landing at Point Peter. The *Star* of last Friday says:

About half of the visitors embarked at Point Peter on the steamer *Wilmington* for Carolina Beach, and of the remainder some went to the Hammocks and Ocean View, and some remained in the city. The weather was cool and cloudy, but no rain fell, and the excursionists had a pleasant time, leaving on their return home at 7 o'clock last evening.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. H. R. Horne made a brief trip to Morehead City last week.

Mr. R. T. Gray, of Raleigh, paid a short visit to Fayetteville this week.

W. S. Nelson, of Monroe, paid a short visit to Fayetteville last week.

Mrs. E. J. Lilly has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in this State and in Virginia.

Miss. Annie Gaster has returned from a pleasant visit to friends and acquaintances in Raleigh.

Mrs. G. A. Thomson, accompanied by her son and daughter, went to Rockingham last Saturday.

Hon. Geo. M. Rose left Monday for a short visit to his brother, Mr. T. M. Rose, at Norfolk, Va.

Miss Kate Matthews is in Asheville, and will spend part of the summer at that delightful resort.

Messrs. Eugene and Bernard Leavitt, of Aberdeen, were in Fayetteville a short while Saturday.

Capt. Jno. P. Stedman, of Oxford, spent a day or two in Fayetteville this week, visiting sick relatives.

J. W. Fry, General Manager of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., was here on railroad business Saturday.

Miss Laura Lenoir has been making a visit to Fayetteville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Tillinghast.

Miss Frank Faison is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. A. Southerland; she has many admirers in this community.

Mr. Walter Watson returned home last Friday from Carolina Beach, where his family are spending the season.

Dr. B. F. Dixon, President of the Greensboro Female College, was registered at the Hotel LaFayette last Saturday.

Mr. Heman R. Hall, of Greensboro, finds lots of his old home folks glad to see him on his visit to this city this week.

Mr. G. W. Wightman has been recuperating at Carolina Beach and the Hammocks after a slight attack of sickness.

Rev. Mr. Hough, pastor of Bluff Presbyterian Church, joined the excursionists to Charleston at this point last Tuesday morning.

Miss Barbara Isler, of Goldsboro, having spent several days most pleasantly in the city, returned home Tuesday, accompanied by Miss Eliza Williams.

Mrs. John Worth, the excellent Fayetteville correspondent of the *Farmer and Scottish Chief*, returned home last week from a visit to Red Springs.

T. A. McNeill, Esq., one of the legal lights of Robeson, and a close reader of the OBSERVER, was in Fayetteville this week on professional business.

Rev. T. P. Barclay went to Bradford, Va., a few days ago to secure a house for the residence of his family. Pleasant ties of friendship will be severed by their departure from our midst.

Rev. L. W. Crawford, formerly pastor of Hay Street M. E. Church, and at one time presiding elder of the Fayetteville District, passed through the city Monday, and dined at the Hotel LaFayette.

We were pleased to see here last week Judge Henry R. Bryan, of New Berne, an able jurist of the Superior Court bench, who made a short visit to his son-in law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. John B. Broadfoot, on Haymount.

Dr. W. H. Moore, the gifted and beloved pastor of Hay Street Methodist Church, left on yesterday for a vacation of three or four weeks, and will spend some time with friends at Pittsboro. We hope that every day of his holiday will be full of restful enjoyment.

Officers Cumberland Lodge, No. 5, K. of P.

At the semi-annual election of officers for Cumberland Lodge, No. 5, Knights of Pythias, the following is the result:

H. L. Hall, S. P. C.
A. J. Cook, C. C.
W. C. Holland, V. C.
Jno. Underwood, P.
H. O. Sedberry, M. of F.
W. S. Sheetz, M. of E.
J. C. Vann, K. of R. S.
R. A. Southerland, M. at A.
T. O. Whaley, I. G.
J. H. Monaghan, O. G.

This Lodge continues to grow in popularity and strength.

Women and Baseball.

We are always glad to chronicle a new idea, especially when it is possessed of such great merit as that which is now presented to us in the August number of *Demorest's Family Magazine*, which has just arrived. One of the leading articles is a game of baseball all played out on paper by means of finely executed illustrations with explicit descriptions of each move. Those who have attempted to explain the game of baseball to a sister, wife, or wife-to-be, know what an almost hopeless task it was. Now here is the whole thing done for you, and so cleverly and clearly that after reading it a woman will be as anxious as any one of the other sex to see a match, and she will never again say, "Well! what is there in baseball, anyhow?" The article will save you hours of explanation, and shows the enterprise of this progressive Magazine, which strives to give the public just what they want. This August number is certainly very attractive, and contains over two hundred fine illustrations, including a beautiful water-color of "Swallows." It is published by W. Jennings Demorest, at 15 East 14th St., New York. Price 20 cents. Any of our local newsdealers will be glad to supply it.

Make a Note of It!

Read it over and over again, spell it out and sing it, until it is indelibly fixed in your mind, that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is an infallible cure for chronic catarrh of the head, with all its distressing complications. Impaired taste and smell, offensive breath, ringing noises in the head, defective hearing, nose and throat ailments, are not only relieved, but positively and permanently cured! This is no fancy of the imagination, but a hard, solid fact, proven over and over again, and vouched for, under a forfeiture of $500, by its manufacturers, the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A New Accident Insurance Company
IN THE SOUTH.

A recent trip of Mr. Lockwood, the President of the Provident Fund Society of New York, through the South convinced him of the importance of establishing for his company a Southern department or branch with principal office at Atlanta, for which arrangements have been made. This Southern department will comprise the States of Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama and Florida. All business in these States will be conducted through the Atlanta office, which will be fully equipped and under able management.

The Provident Fund Accident Society has an excellent reputation; has paid many thousands of dollars to its members in indemnity, and is a company that ought to make steady progress in the great new South.

The company has branch offices established at Denver, St. Paul, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Washington and Cincinnati, and is making liberal contracts with able men that can secure business. The principal office of the society is at 29 Broadway, New York city.—*Atlanta Constitution, June 9, 1891.*

The Southern Department is under the management of M. Lee Starke, and arragements are now being made to have leading men of the South represent the company. Big inducements are offered to the right men. The best territory is being taken. Write at once for terms and secure control of your section. Address

M. LEE STARKE,
Room 70, Old Capitol Building, ATLANTA, GA.
July 16, 1891. 1t

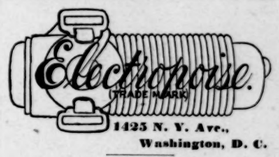
DAVIDSON COLLEGE,
Mecklenburg Co., N. C.
Sept. 10th, 1891, to June 9th, 1892.

J. B. SHEARER, D. D., LL. D., President, and Professor of Biblical Instruction and Moral Philosophy.
W. J. MARTIN, LL. D., Vice President, and Professor of Chemistry.
W. D. VINSON, M. A., Professor of Mathematics.
W. S. GRAVES, M. A., Professor of Latin and French.
W. S. CURRELL Ph. D., Professor of English.
H. L. SMITH, Ph. D., Professor of Natural Philsophy.
C. R. HARDING, Ph. D., Professor of Greek and German.
W. L. LINGLE, Tutor of Mathematics.

The Master's Course. The Science Course. The Bachelor's Course. Electic Courses. Business Courses.

For Degree Courses, the studies of the Freshman and Sophomore classes are prescribed, and the studies of the Junior and Senior classes are elective. For the Electic and Business Courses all the studies are elective. Studies in English, in Sciences, and in the Bible are given due prominence.

For catalogue address the President.
July 16—2m.



1425 N. Y. Ave.,
Washington, D. C.

DURHAM, N. C., June 22nd, 1891.

Mr. John N. Webb, Washington, D. C.:

DEAR SIR:—I have known the Electropoise used in a number of different cases for various complaints. In no instance have I known it to fail to benefit or cure the person who used it. I am not in any way interested in it. My object is to benefit humanity, and I unhesitatingly say that, from my long personal acquaintance with you, as well as from the wonderful cures it has wrought under my own observation, on various persons afflicted with various ills, I am prepared to believe the testimony offered in proof of the wonderful cures produced by the persistent, in telligent use of the Electropoise, and commend it to invalids. Yours truly,

ALEX. WALKER.

For information address as above, or
222 KING ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.
July 16, 1891.

Liberty Academy and Business Institute,
The BEST CHEAP SCHOOL in NORTH CAROLINA.
Mathematics, English, Latin, Greek, Telegraphy, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Penmanship a Specialty.

FACULTY:
J. M. Weatherly, Principal; D. A. McAskill (Bingham School); D. M. Weatherly (Peabody Normal College); E. O. Patterson (Michael's Natural Pen, Art Hall, Ohio); Miss Laura Burla; Miss Luelle Pugh (Greensboro Female College).

Board $7 per month; Tuition from $2 to $3.50 per month; Number of students last year 214; Write for Catalogue. Address J. M. WEATHERLY,
July 16, 1891—1m Liberty, N. C.

North Carolina, Cumberland County.
J. Austin Brewer *et al. vs.* John W. Simms.

By virtue of the power contained in an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in a certain special proceedings wherein J. Austin Brewer *et al.* are plaintiffs and John W. Simms is defendant, I will, on the 10th day of August, 1891, at the Market House in the Town of Fayetteville, expose to sale to the highest bidder that valuable tract of land in Gray's Creek Township known as the Ben Simms place, containing 225 acres.

Terms of sale: One-half cash; balance 6 months.
Time: 12 M. D. K. RAY, Commissioner.
JOHN G. SHAW, Att'y.
July 16, 1891—ts

NEW CROP
TURNIP SEED.
A large supply of
New AND Fresh Turnip Seed
JUST RECEIVED AT
SEDBERRY'S.
☞ No old seed sold.
July 16—tf.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

Persons desiring to purchase a GOOD FARM and COMFORTABLE HOME will do well to call upon the undersigned, who offers for private sale that desirable tract of land in Harnett County, N. C., lying on Neill's Creek, and adjoining the lands of M. Wilder, J. K. Stewart and others, on which is located a Comfortable and Commodious Dwelling, Outhouses, Orchard, Vineyard, etc., etc., known as the C. H. Cofield place, and containing 175 acres. The title to this land is perfect.

H. McD. ROBINSON,
Attoney at Law.
Fayetteville, N. C., July 16, 1891. 1m

LUMBER BRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL.

FALL SESSION OPENS AUGUST 24, 1891.

INSTRUCTION thorough and practical. Vocal and instrumental music a specialty. Board only $7.00 per month. Tuition from $1.50 to $3.00 per month. Send for circulars to

J. A. MONROE, A. M., Principal,
Lumber Bridge, N. C.
July 16—4t.

FRESH BREAD.

Having located at the well-known stand formerly occupied by Mrs. Banks, and more recently by Miss Jane McKenzie, I will furnish daily FRESH BREAD and CAKES. Also our own make of CANDY, and a general assortment of Confectioneries and Fruits, Fancy Groceries, &c.

Special attention paid to orders for Wedding Cakes, &c. Respectfully,

W. R. WICKER.
Fayetteville, N. C., July 16, 1891. 3w

Fresh Melons.

I embrace this opportunity of saying that in the future I will have on exhibition and for sale a fine variety of FRESH MELONS daily at my old stand, front of Cook's Drug Store. I warrant every melon sold to be as represented or money refunded. My record in the past as to quality, &c., is a fair index of what the public may expect in the future.

HENRY COLLINS.
July 16, 1891. 2w

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Horses! Mules! Horses!

DR. EDWARD P. HALSTEAD,
Qualified Practical Veterinary Surgeon,
FROM LUDLOW, ENGLAND.

Begs to inform the public generally that he will attend at Fayetteville on THURSDAY, JULY 16th, for the treatment of Lame and Sick Horses and Mules, and remain until further notice.

Can be found at Mr. George Burns's stables.

Charges moderate.

July 16, 1891. 3m

OPEN LETTER
No. 2.

MILWAUKEE, June 27th, 1891.

M. D. L. Hayes, Esq., Rochester, N. Y.:

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 23rd, enclosing Mr. Satterlee's favor to you of the 19th, is received. You desire that I give reply to Mr. Satterlee's enquiries as to what proportion of the assets of the Northwestern are in mortgages; what proportion in farm mortgages; what proportion of them are in arrears for interest, and for how long a period; also, the amount of assets represented by property taken under foreclosure.

First, as to the proportion of the Northwestern's assets in real estate mortgages, I turn to pages xviii and xix of the 1891 Massachusetts Commissioner's report, and I find the percentage of mortgage loans to the total assets of the several companies as follows. I name those companies which are most largely represented in Western New York:

Equitable	20.88
Mutual Life	43.10
Penn. Mutual	32.82
New York Life	16.90
Mutual Benefit	51.92
Connecticut Mutual	60.73
Northwestern	83.74

It is well known that the Northwestern under its charter is prohibited from owning or loaning upon railroad securities or fluctuating securities of any kind whatsoever. Perhaps it may be interesting in this connection to note the fluctuating securities of several of the companies on hand December 31st, 1884, and December 31st, 1890:

Company.	On Hand Dec. 31, '84.	On Hand Dec. 31, '90.	Percentage of total assets Dec. 31, '90.
Conn. Mutual	$ 283,000	$ 9,175,711	15.6
Equitable	5,319,641	47,977,346	39.3
Mutual Life	6,898,388	50,910,471	34.8
New York Life	370,000	62,063,634	53.9

The amounts credited above to December 31, 1884, represent only amounts of loans on such securities; in 1890 both stocks and bonds owned and amounts loaned upon fluctuating securities. But the figures tell the tale of the immense increase the companies have been making right along in this precarious sort of security, and that in the face of timely warning given out by insurance commissioners time and time again, especially by Commissioner McCall (now comptroller of the Equitable) when he was at the head of the New York Insurance Department.

Now, as to the proportion of Northwestern assets in farm mortgages, I have received of the assistant secretary at the head of the loan department, who advises me that less than one-fourth of the loans made since January, 1886, were upon farm property. He advises also that in 1890 out of mortgage loans aggregating $9,899,000 less than $1,500,000 was on farm property, or less than one-sixth. It would appear, therefore, that the proportion of loans on city property is gradually increasing. I will say, however, for our farm loans that there are no better in the world and no better security than our company exacts on farm property.

In the first place, we never loan to a farmer unless he is a man well-known for promptness, fair and square dealing. He must be permanent and thrifty, and then the proportion of security must be much larger than in cities. It is a fact, moreover, that no class of men pay their interest so promptly as farmers. We have no loans in undesirable portions of any States. For instance, in Kansas we are loaning only within the belt of land in Eastern Kansas. Our farm loans in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and other States are without doubt among the best loans the company has.

Relative to the proportion of interest unpaid, on December 31st, 1883, the percentage of interest due and unpaid in the

Northwestern was	2.1
The Mutual Life	14.4
Connecticut Mutual	6.0
Equitable	34.2

We have maintained this exceptionally low rate almost steadily to the present time. You know it was an oft-repeated assertion of Mr. McClintock that the amount of overdue interest at the end of each year was about two per cent., and in the Mutual Life it averaged fourteen per cent. I wonder if any other large money-owner anywhere in the world can truthfully say that on an average 98 per cent. of his interest is paid when due.

Relative to the amount of lands taken under foreclosure, as the Equitable recently in documents criticised the Northwestern upon its securities, we took the trouble to enquire of the Georgia Insurance Department, which department requires of the various companies figures covering property owned, taken under foreclosure, and the result was as follows:

Northwestern property taken under foreclosure, Dec. 31, '89, amounted to	$ 251,055.44
In the Equitable to	3,038,027.21
Equitable increased amount of property taken under foreclosure in 1889 alone	426,830.00

When we come to consider that our mortgage loans were six and a half millions more than the Equitable, and that still the Equitable's property taken under foreclosure amounted to 1,200 per cent. more than the Northwestern's, you may get some idea of the relative carefulness and strict business method with which the affairs in the several companies are transacted. It is also a fact that our company on the whole has made money out of property taken under foreclosure.

I am glad that Mr. Satterlee desires to know concerning these very points of the Northwestern. He has also a perfect right as a policy-holder to inquire, and if he comes to Milwaukee he will find the books and records of the company open to his inspection. He would find one other thing which I am sure would gratify him, and that is that the Northwestern during 1890, in collecting about $9,000,000 in premiums from policy-holders, lost through its agents only $76.96, or less than 1-1,000 of one per cent.

I think also that Mr. Satterlee will be pleased to know that the Northwestern is not writing a dollar of business in foreign countries. Our company avoids foreign business, thinking it is safer for two reasons to confine its business to the healthier portion of the United States: first, because the company is sure of securing a better class of risks. That goes without saying; second, there is less risk of defalcation among agents. The Equitable increased its business last year 12 per cent., the New York Life 16 per cent., the Mutual Life 57 per cent. The Northwestern, of course, did no foreign business, but in the United States the percentage of increase of business in our company was much larger than any one of those companies; and its increase of business in the United States over 60 per cent. more than the increased business of the Mutual Life.

I have no objection to Mr. Satterlee's seeing this letter if you care to submit it to him.

Yours truly,
A. W. KIMBALL,
Asst. Supt. of Agencies.
JNO. UNDERWOOD & BRO.,
District Agents,
Fayetteville, N. C.
July 9, 1891. tf.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS

LIKE SUCCESS.

The reason RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is the most wonderful medicine is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from LEPROSY to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fevers, Female Troubles in all its forms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

R. E. SEDBERRY & SON.

March 27, 1891. 1y

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE

—AND—

GRANITE WORKS,

JHAS. A. GOODWIN & CO., Propr's.,

(LAUDER'S OLD STAND)

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Marble and Granite Monuments, Tombstones,

Wrought Iron and Wire Fencing.

Designs and prices furnished upon application.

Correspondence solicited.

Best work; lowest prices; satisfaction guaranteed.

May 28, 1891—tf

SODA WATER,

MILK SHAKES AND SHERBETS.

OUR FOUNTAIN

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

A. J. COOK & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

N. W. Corner Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

April 23, 1891.

Auction House.

Having secured large salesrooms on Gillespie street, I would respectfully solicit consignments of Merchandise, Furniture and other goods to be sold at auction. Sales every day or as often as necessary. CHAS. GLOVER, Auctioneer.

June 11, 1891—tf

KEYSTONE BEATER

—AND—

ICE-CREAM FREEZER.

Ten Machines in One—Cake Beater, Churn, Egg Beater, Ice-Cream Freezer, Fruit Whip, Light Dough Kneader, Cream Whip, Drink Mixer, Potato Masher and Vegetable Whip.

ICE-CREAM IN 5 MINUTES.

The above machine will be found a most useful article to all housekeepers. The time and materials saved by its use, will, in a few days, pay for it at the very low price of $1.50.

Marion Harland, says:

In every trial we have given the Keystone Beater we have been successful. That *peine forte et dure* of busy cooks, the making Mayonnaise dressing, is reduced to a bagatelle.

Mrs. Rorer, Principal Philadelphia Cooking School, says:

I have thoroughly tested the merits of the *Keystone Beater*, and unhesitatingly pronounce it superior to any device I have ever seen or used for the purpose designed.

John Wannamaker, says:

Two thousand Keystone Beaters sold in one month. Not one brought back. They stand the test of use.

We guarantee that you will be satisfied, and get the worth of your money.

We have secured the agency for these Beaters. Come at once and get one from the first shipment.

There are several in use already in town. Ask your friends who have them as to their merits. A 50 cent cook book given with each Beater.

B. R. HUSKE & CO.

May 28, 1891.

TURNER'S

BLOOD PURIFYING COMPOUND

(Extract of Roots and Herbs).

Soothes, Tones and Invigorates the Organs of Digestion and Assimilation, makes good Blood and restores the vital functions to health and activity. It is no experiment, but has stood the test of years, and its value is attested by thousands of testimonials. It reaches the Cause, removes the Evil and Restores to Health. Price, 50 cents.

TURNER'S

Anti-Bilious Pills!

are the best Remedy for all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. A trial will prove it. Price, 25 cents.

For sale by H. R. HORNE, Fayetteville, N. C.

June 18, 1891.

A Proclamation!

Dr. I. Guy Lewis, Fulton, Ark., says—"A year ago I had bilious fever. Tutt's Pills were so highly recommended that I tried them. Never did I have a happier effect. After a practice of a quarter of a century, I proclaim them the best.

ANTI-BILIOUS

medicine ever used. I always prescribe them."

Tutt's Pills

Cure All Bilious Disorders.

A Spray of Honeysuckle.

I broke, one day, a slender stem,
Thick-set with little golden horns—
Half-bud, half-blossom; and a gem,
Such as one finds in autumn morns,
When all the grass with dew is strung,
On every fairy bugle hung.

I dropped it, careless, in a place
Where no light shone, and straight forgot
Its delicate, dewy, flowering grace.
Yet from the dark, neglected spot
Stole, unresenting, through the gloom,
Sweet breaths that gladden the whole room.

Whereat I thought, O heart of mine!
A lesson for thee, plain to read:
Thou need'st not that thy light should shine,
Or any man thy beauty heed;
Enough—if haply this be so—
That thou hast sweetness to bestow.
—*Mary Bradley, in Harper's Bazar.*

Since Life is Fleet.

Fill the swift years full, my dear,
Since life is fleet;
Love, and hold love fast, my dear,
He is so sweet:
Sweetest, dearest, fleetest comer,
Pledgling of the sudden summer.

Love, but not too well, my dear;
When skies are gray,
And the autumn winds are here,
Love will away:
Fleetest, vaguest, farthest rover,
When the summer's warmth is over.
—*Louise Chandler Moulton.*

Hay Making.

J. M. Trowbridge in American Agriculturist.]

During many years of observation I have noticed that grass is rarely cut for hay at that stage of growth which is relished by grazing stock—that the cutting is almost universally deferred until it has attained a degree of maturity that causes cattle, if they have a choice, to avoid it in their preference for a younger stage of growth.

Acting on the judgment made up from this observation, I cut my grass long before it begins heading—not to say blossoming—and as it has then formed no seed it does not exhaust the soil. But at the same time it has formed no fibre to be eaten and digested without affording nutrition, for the whole material is pure nutriment. True, I do not get near the yield per acre that I would obtain by waiting until the seed has matured and the stalks become wood straw; but for this same reason the roots, still in their vigor, send up new shoots, tiller out, and produce a second crop by the time of ordinary haying. Generally I get three or four cuttings a year where I would obtain but one were the grass allowed to mature its stalk and seed, and these three or four cuttings always weigh more than the crop would weigh if matured in the ordinary way of one cutting.

Grass cut early, before forming headstalks, needs different curing from ordinary hay. It must be cured in the cock to get the full benefit of all its qualities, for drying in the sun will powder its tenderest, juiciest and most succulent parts, and thus waste its most valuable properties. It should lie exposed to the sun no longer after cutting than is sufficient to dry off the visible moisture. When properly cured, not a blade will break in the hand; it will be soft, pliable and sweet-smelling.

In these days of mowing-machines three or four cuttings will cost little, or even when done by hand, while the increased production over a single cutting, together with the higher nutritious quality of the product and the repression of weeds, make this plan far preferable to the old method.

Farm and Garden Notes.

Whoever neglects his live-stock must pay for it in loss.

The non-paying cow is carrying her owner mortgageward.

Man makes the stable: nature provides the air and sunshine.

Breeding does not produce excellence—it only retains and fixes it.

Pekin fowls often attain the weight of 5 lbs. when ten weeks old, if heavily fed and well cared-for.

When you give the roosts a kerosene bath do not neglect the under side, as it is the bed for lice. Once every two weeks oil this bed.

The greatest mistake that can be made is to feed the hens too often and too much, instead of letting them scratch and exercise, promoting their health.

In breeding to improve farm poultry it is a mistake to sell off the early-hatched, and depend on the later broods for fowls to keep: select out the best before selling.

If your fowls are heavy birds make the roosts not over a foot from the ground, placing them all on the same level, and you will detect very few cases of leg ailment in your flock.

If all the loose bones, old boots, etc., around the premises were gathered up and burned, putting the ashes, after being pulverized, around the small fruits, it would be greatly to the latter's advantage.

Guinea Fowls on the Farm.

Mirror and Farmer.]

There is no sale for guinea fowls in market, but the Guinea is, nevertheless, one of the finest of all table-birds, possessing a certain game flavor that is not found in other fowls. They have the full-meated breast, and possess but a small portion of offal, compared with hens. If their real value for the table were known they would sell at high prices. On the farm they cost almost nothing, being industrious foragers, and there never was a better insect-exterminator than the Guinea. Outside of their eggs, which they provide without cost, they destroy thousands of insects; and, though their efforts in that direction may not be apparent, the good work goes on continuously.

Mr. Noo Makes a Mistake.

"You have a brother, I believe, Miss Harkins?" remarked the new admirer.

"Yes. Why?"

"I have brought him a box of gum drops."

"Better keep them, and offer him a box of cigars, Mr. Noo. He is 40 years old."

His Choice.

Proud Father (showing off his boy before company)—My son, which would you rather be, Shakspeare or Edison?

Little Son (after meditation)—Edison.

"Yes? Why?"

"'Cause he ain't dead."

A Frank Admission.

"Do you play much on the piano?" he asked, after she had finished a selection.

"I use the instrument a good deal for killing time," she said.

"Yes, I'd suppose you used it for that."

The Picnic.

Oh, let us to the picnic ground,
With cakes, and pie, and custard,
Where hostile snakes meander 'round,
And frolic in the mustard.

☞ Dissipation seems natural. The moon gets "full," the sea gets "high," the wind gets "on a tear," the trees get "on a bender," and all nature "smiles,"

P. P. P.

is recommended by physicians because they see its healthy effects all around them.

A leading physician in New York, and director of one of the large hospitals, says, February 8, 1890, he has made use of the P. P. P. sent him, and was pleased to say P. P. P. proved efficacious in a number of cases, and adds, it is no more than he should have anticipated from the satisfactory combination of such well-known drugs.

A prominent railway superintendent of Savannah (name given on application) says he was crippled by a disease in legs and arms, powerless to walk or eat without assistance, having lost the use of his limbs by rheumatism, malaria, dyspepsia, etc. Physicians here sent him to New York and they returned him here, and he was as complete a wreck as one could be and live. A course of P. P. P. has made him a well man.

P. P. P. is known among physicians in the South for its various and wonderful cures as the great blood purifier of the age.

Blood Poison

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Syphilis, old sores, pimples, blotches, scrofula, blood and mercurial poison and skin diseases are eradicated by the use of P. P. P. Hosts of certificates are in office to show the cures in these diseases where all other medicines have failed.

Rheumatism

Inflammatory, gout, sciatic and its kindred diseases with their excruciating pains are cured by the wonderful blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium).

Catarrh

Originates in scrofulous taint. P. P. P. purifies the blood, and this prevents catarrh.

For Old Sores, Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Ulcers and Syphilis, use only P. P. P., and get well and enjoy the blessing only to be derived from the use of P. P. P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium). For sale by H. R. HORNE and A. J. COOK & CO.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's

Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR

MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

April 16, 1891.

MILLINERY.

MRS. E. G. Spencer desires to remind her old friends and to assure new patrons that she has in stock all the

Latest Styles in Hats, Bonnets and MILLINERY GOODS,

and gurantees satisfaction to customers at her store in Hotel LaFayette Building, Hay Street.

BOARDING.

She can also accommodate five or six single gentlemen with pleasant rooms and good board at Mrs. Dodd's residence on Green street.

May 14—tf.

Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery.

We have for planting now extra fine new Gladiolus Bulbs; new French Cannas; Fancy Caledium; Caledium Esculenteris, all started in pots; Tuberose Bulbs; Coleus; Alternanthrea; Geraniums, &c., for fancy bedding; Glaxinies and Tuberous Rooted Begonias. Also Vases and Hanging Baskets. NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

JAMES M. LAMB,
Fayetteville, N. C.

May 28, 1891—tf

For Sale or Rent.

A rare opportunity is now offered to any one wishing to purchase a residence or to engage in the boarding or hotel business in the growing town of Maxton This is a handsome house and lot centrally located containing 9 rooms, besides dining-room and kitchen. For terms and other information address

J. S. McRAE,
Maxton, N. C.

March 5, 1891. tf

Pemberton's Book & Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Having accepted the Agency for

LUDDEN & BATES'

Southern Music House, we offer the following celebrated Pianos and Organs:

PIANOS:

CHICKERING, IVERS & POND, MATHUSHEK, MASON & HAMLIN, LESTER AND STERLING.

Installment Plan $30 cash and $10 per month.

ORGANS:

WILCOX & WHITE, MASON & HAMLIN, STERLING AND NEEDHAM.

Installment Plan $5 Cash and $5 per month.

Sewing Machines.

The well-known NEW HOME and the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON No. 9.

Just received a large lot of Hammocks, Croquet Sets and Base Ball Goods of every description. Do not buy without seeing us. Send for our Catalogues.

Pianos and Organs put in your house free of charge with privilege of 15 days trial before purchasing.

May 7, 1891.

To Builders and Contractors.

I am prepared to furnish at reasonable prices

Building Material,

including

ROUGH AND DRESSED PINE LUMBER, SHINGLES AND LATHS.

Orders may be sent to me at Hope Mills or left at my office in Fayetteville.

Z. B. NEWTON,
Hope Mills, N. C.

Feb'y 12, 1891. 1y

DR. J. H. DANIEL,

OF DUNN, HARNETT COUNTY, N. C.,

offers his professional services to those suffering with Cancer and Scrofulous Affections.

All letters of inquiry as to my mode of treatment will be cheerfully answered

Would respectfully ask the attention of the public to the subjoined card from Dr. McKay:

SUMMERVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11th, 1890.

Dr. J. H. Daniel, Dunn, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—The sore on my face, which was pronounced Epethelial Cancer, is perfectly well, and I do not hesitate to recommend your mode of treatment to any persons suffering with Cancer,

Respectfully,

A. M McKAY, M. D.

March 12, 1891—tf

CHAS. GLOVER,

AUCTIONEER

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

Public Notice.

At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Cumberland County it was ordered: That the Treasurer of said County be directed to call in of the outstanding indebtedness of Cumberland County Two Thousand ($2,000) Dollars of the Debt known as the "Bridge Bond Debt," and that no interest will be allowed or paid by said County from and after August 1st, 1891.

In accordance with said order, the holders of "Bridge Bonds" Nos. 1 and 46 of the denomination of Five ($500) Hundred Dollars each, and Nos. 9, 56, 42, 48, 98, 68, 71, 74, 44 and 1 of the denomination of One Hundred ($100) Dollars each, are hereby notified that the same have been drawn by lot, and are called in for redemption and payment, and they will present the same to the undersigned at his office either in person or by attorney on or before the first day of August, 1891, for redemption and payment, and if they fail to do so no interest will be paid on the same after the above date.

J. B. TROY, Treasurer
June 25, 1891—6t Cumberland County.

NOTICE.

The business of the firm of McMillan Bros., of Fayetteville, N. C., and Savannah, Ga., will not be discontinued by the death of our senior, D. G. McMillan, but will be continued as heretofore and under the same name and style.

Thankful to a generous public for their support in the past we ask for its continuance in the future, with the promise that we shall strive to merit the same. We remain

Very respectfully,

McMILLAN BROS.

May 21, 1891.

NOTICE!

Steam Saw Mill for Sale.

I offer for sale the KLARPP STEAM SAW MILL, located on Big Rockfish, just immediately between the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. and the Atlantic Coast Line—not exceeding 400 feet from either road. The plant consists of a 40-horse power engine and boiler, 52 inch saw, log-drag, &c.—a complete saw-mill outfit. Location unsurpassed, both for the purchase of logs and timber; excellent freight facilities, &c., thereby enabling one to use either through line for the shipment of lumber. Capacity 10,000 feet per day. Any one needing such property would do well to examine it. For terms, &c., apply to

A. B. WILLIAMS,
June 11, 1891—tf Fayetteville, N. C.

FOR RENT.

The comfortable dwelling on Haymount lately occupied by E. F. Moore, with convenient out-houses and stables. One of the best wells of water on the hill. For terms apply to

T. F. MOORE,
at Pemberton's Book store.

June 25, 1891—1m

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of D. A. McDiarmid, all persons owing the estate of said decedent are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned before the 11th day of June, 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. A. P. DIXON, Adm'r.

H. McD Robinson, Att'y.
June 10, 1891—6w

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator C. T. A. of M. E. Dye, I hereby give notice to all persons holding claims against said decedent to present the same to me on or before the 18th day of June, 1892. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement. A. J. COOK,

Adm'r C. T. A. of M. E. Dye.

C. W. Broadfoot, Att'y.
June 18, 1891.

E. A. POE,

BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURER,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

June 25, 1891. tf

Cape Fear River Steamers.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES.

The Cape Fear River Steamers, commencing June 10th, will issue tickets to Wilmington and return at $2.00 Meals 50 cents each.

Steamer A. P. HURT leaves Monday and Thurs day.

Steamer CAPE FEAR leaves Wednesday and Saturday.

For further information apply to

W. S. COOK.

June 10, 1891—tf

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business,

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,

Collects Notes and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

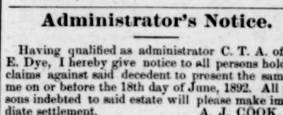
☞ No deposits received on interest.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Pres.,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.

Fayetteville, N. C., October 8, 1890.—[1y

CLYDE'S

New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,

Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,

At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON

BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	July 4
PAWNEE	Saturday,	July 11
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	July 18
PAWNEE	Saturday,	July 25

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

PAWNEE	Saturday,	July 4
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	July 11
PAWNEE	Saturday,	July 18
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	July 25

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.

FANITA	Saturday,	July 4
BENEFACTOR	Tuesday,	July 7
PAWNEE	Tuesday.	July 14

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given Orders solicited from abroad

Address WALTER WATSON,
Fayetteville, N. C.

apl 7-tf

"THE TOWNSEND,"

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

S. R. & B. W. Townsend, Proprietors.

Phil. Wright, Manager.

This Elegant New Hotel will be Opened

JUNE 10th,

—FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.—

Large and Comfortable Rooms, Electric Bells, Gas, Hot and Cold Water Baths, &c., &c.; Table and Service Unsurpassed; A Superb Orchestra; Fishing and Games will furnish plenty of amusement.

For terms address

PHIL. WRIGHT,
RED SPRINGS, N. C.

May 28, 1891—tf

---

50 FIFTY 50

THE LARGEST STOCK

THAT HAS EVER BEEN IN

Fayetteville, N. C.,

AT ONE TIME, OF

'ONLY $1.25 EACH.

BABY CARRIAGES.

CALL EARLY AND GET THE BEST OF THE LOT.

Furniture of all Descriptions Very Cheap.

ROYALL & BORDEN.

S. E. CORNER MARKET SQUARE,

Fayetteville, N. C.

May, 21, 1891.

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A.GAMBRILL MFG.Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PERFECTION IN FLOUR.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.

Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpassed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

sep 18

Bank of Commerce.

The Books of Subscription to the capital stock of the Bank of Commerce are now open at each of the drug stores of the town. When $100,000 has been subscribed, the permanent organization will be effected. A copy of the very libera charter will be furnished on application.

A. H. SLOCOMB,
N. W. RAY,
R. M. NIMOCKS,
E. L. PEMBERTON,
W. S. COOK.

April 9, 1891—tf Committee.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has resumed the practice of law in Fayetteville, N. C. His office is on Hay street, over McDuffie's Drug Store. P. O. box 34.

He will attend the Courts, State and Federal, where his services may be required.

JAMES C. MacRAE.

Jan'y 1, 1891. tf

W. J. McDONALD, Jr.,

7

WHOLESALE DEALER AND JOBBER IN

Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, &c.

Pure Whiskies and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty.

NORTHWEST CORNER MARKET SQUARE

Feb'y 5, 1891—tf

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,

Capt. W. A. Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,

Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,

Capt. R. H. Tomlinson.

Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other imformation, apply to

W. S. COOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE,
Wilmington, N. C. Oct —1y

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

POMONA HILL NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRIUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue free. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY,
Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

May 30, 1889.

JAMES R. DEAL,

Painter, Paper Hanger and Decorator

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Refers by permission to A. A. McKethan, Jr., B. E. Sedberry, E. L. Pemberton, Mrs. Kate McNeill, H. R. Horne, J. W. McNeill, M. D.

Jan'y 1, 1891—tf

THE

Electropoise

(TRADE MARK.)

THE LIFE-WORK OF AN EDUCATED PHYSICIAN, IS AN INSTRUMENT FOR THE

Cure of Disease Without Medicine

BASED on new theories of the cause and cure of disease, it deals with the electrical and magnetic conditions of the body and the gases surrounding it in the atmosphere, controlling these conditions as will. It is not electricity.

DISEASE is simply impaired vitality. The Electropoise constantly adds to the vitality and only assists nature, in nature's way, to throw off the trouble. Nothing is easier of proof than that, with this treatment, cures are made which by all other known means are impossible.

ACUTE CASES of all kinds are cured in hours by its random use.

One-tenth the intelligence and perseverance devoted to ordinary methods of medication works miracles in all CHRONIC CASES.

This is an inexhaustible home treatment.

For testimonials from people YOU KNOW and all further information, call on or address

ELECTROPOISE,

1425 N. Y. AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.

May 7, 1891. 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of 4,000,000.

Her dealings are unquestionable.

She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.

Place your risks in strong companies.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

THE

MERCHANT MILLS

—BY—

J. D. McNEILL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with

CORN,

MEAL,

FLOUR,

SHIP STUFF,

FEED,

GRAIN, BRAN, &c.

Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.

May 8, 1890. tf

RICE STRAW

IN CAR LOTS.

A Full Stock of Heavy and Fancy Groceries,

LOW TO CASH BUYERS.

R. W. HICKS,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

216 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

Feb'y 5, 1891.

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect July 5th, 1891.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Wilmington,	10:35 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:15 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:05 p m		
Leave Sanford,	4:35 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	7:05 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	7:15 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:47 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	10:45 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		12:40 p m	
Leave Maxton,		1:32 p m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		2:57 p m	
Leave Ramseur,			7:25 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			10:05 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:35 a m
Arrive Madison,			12:50 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Mt. Airy,	5:30 a m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	7:17 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	8:45 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	10:30 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:57 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:20 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	3:05 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	6:30 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		2:30 p m	
Leave Maxton,		4:02 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		4:50 p m	
Leave Madison,			2:30 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			4:35 p m
Leave Greensboro			5:25 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			8:20 p m

NORTH BOUND—Daily Except Sunday. No. 12.

Leave Greensboro	10:35 a m
Leave Walnut Cove	1:05 p m
Arrive Mt. Airy	4:20 p m

SOUTH BOUND—Daily Except Sunday, No. 11.

Leave Mt. Airy	3:10 p m
Leave Walnut Cove	6:43 p m
Arrive Greensboro	9:30 p m

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated June 7, 1891.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 40 "	
Arrive Tarboro	*2 17 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	10 35 A. M.	
Arrive Wilson	2 18 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	*2 30 "	
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 14 "	
Leave Magnolia	4 27 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	6 00 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	12 35 A. M.	9 15 A. M.
Leave Magnolia		10 57 "
Leave Warsaw		11 11 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 55 A. M.	12 05 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville		*9 10 A. M.
Arrive Selma		11 08 "
Arrive Wilson		12 10 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 35 A. M.	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount		1 30 "
Arrive Tarboro		*2 17 "
Leave Tarboro		10 35 A. M.
Arrive Weldon	5 05 A. M	2 55 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Read leave Weldon 3:00 P M, Halifax 3:22 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:15 P M, Greenville 6:02 P M., Kinston 7:10 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:00 A M, Greenville 8:10 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M, Weldon 11.25 A M, daily except Sunday.

Local freight train leaves Weldon Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7:00 A. M., arriving Scotland Neck 10:03 A M, Greenville 2:10 P M, Kinston 4:25 P M. Returning leaves Kinston Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10:00 A M, arriving Greenville 12:00 noon, Scotland Neck 3:20 P M, Weldon 6:20 P M.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:05 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 6:36 P M, 4:29 P M, Plymouth 7:50 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:20 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:40 A M, 9:58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 10:05 A M, 11:20 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 7:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield N C, 9:00 A. M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 10:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 3:00 P M, arrives Nashville 2:40 P M, Spring Hope 4:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 10:00 A M, Nashville 10:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 11:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:30 P M and 11:15 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. *Daily except Sunday.

Trains No 27 South, and 14 North, will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

J. R KENLEY, Asst Gen'l Manager
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.